

For Sale Coal

Barred Rock Eggs
\$1.00 per setting

DR. J. B. HARRINGTON, V.S.

Western Globe.

For Sale

John Deere Farm Implements,
Fairbanks-Morse Engines, Grind-
ers, Scales, Electric Lighting
Plants, etc. Melotte and Premi-
er Cream Separators; Adams
Leaming Wheel Road Graders.

W. R. WINSLOW, Agent-
LACOMBE ALBERTA.

VOLUME XI

CHAR. B. HARRISON, Editor and Manager

LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1916

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR



We have secured a limited number of
New, Big 4 Mowers

at a price which enables us to sell
them at **\$53.00** each, Cash.

We also have the New 4 at **\$60.00**

Rakes, Stackers, and Haying Tools of
all descriptions.

Morrison & Johnston, Limited
Lacombe, Alberta



ESTABLISHED 1864

Paid up Capital and Reserves
\$14,000,000.00

Sound Banking Principles Followed

DEPOSITS RECEIVED—Record your business transactions
through this office and receive the benefits and protection
of a Bank Account.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposit your cash surplus in interest
bearing account. Cash reserve is the best asset.

MONEY TRANSFERS made at reasonable rates.

ADVANCES made to assist and encourage legitimate busi-
ness.

Lacombe Branch—W. A. SHIELDS, Mgr.
Documents and Valuables held for our clients free of charge.

The Prohibition players will present

"Under the Spell"

In the Comet Theatre

MONDAY, JULY 12th

A Temperance Play with a Moral that
rings. Proceeds in aid of Temperance
Campaign.

Programme commences 7 p.m. sharp

Adults 50c, Children 25c

Matinee at 2.30 p.m.

The "Skeeter's" Serenade

Does not have a very quieting effect on tired nerves.
Mosquitoes are not only a source of annoyance, but are car-
riers of disease germs. Don't take chances; swat them.

"SKEETER SKOOT"

is a lotion that will cause them to move on. Apply "Skeet-
er Skoot" to hands and face.

Price 25c and 50c per bottle

The McDermid Drug Co., Ltd
D. A. Lothian, Manager

THE LEADING HARNESS SHOP

The Leading Harness Shop has the largest and best assorted
stock of harness and harness parts in Alberta to choose
your spring harness from, with Elliott's guarantee behind it.
Call and inspect before you buy.

Kow Kure for all Cow Ailments.

Balsam of Myrrh, guaranteed for wire cuts.

Pan-a-cure, Roup Cure, Grib, Oyster Shell, Louse Killer for
your hens; Worm Powder, Stock Tonic and Calf Meal; Dip
and Disinfectant for your Stock.

W. L. ELLIOTT

Nanton Street

Lacombe, Alberta

Start the New Year Right—
Subscribe for The Western Globe.

McLEOD'S

Unusually Important Offerings In Midsummer Merchandise

Women's Summer Dresses

Dainty Dresses in a diversified assortment of new, attractive, and
exclusive models, variously appropriate for every Summer occa-
sion, made in desirable fabrics, and very specially priced.
Dress of White Ground Fancy Voile, with dainty flower design;
Waist made with Vest effect of White Marquisette hemstitched
black edge; collar and cuffs to match; Bolero of the Voile trim-
med with tiny black buttons; Skirt in yoke effect; 2 1/2 yards; Spec-
ial Value.....**\$7.00**

Dresses of Fancy Crepes in dainty colors.....**\$4.50**

Repp and Pique Summer Dresses.....**\$5.00 to \$6.50**

Embroidered Sand or White Voile Dresses.....**\$12.00**

Middy Waists

Smart little Middy Waists for
Girls; White Duck with Red
and Navy collars and cuffs
.....**\$1.00**,
Misses' Middy Waists in White
Duck, plain or trimmed.....**\$1.25 to \$1.50**

Women's Suits

\$9.75
Special sale of Women's Suits
of regular values \$15.00 to
\$20.00, in Navy Serge, Tweeds
and Whipcords; Coats Silk lin-
ed; this season's models. Sale
Price.....**\$9.75**

SUMMER UNDERWEAR

For Boys—Halbriggan Vests and Drawers; sizes 4 years to 14.
Price, per garment.....**35c**

For Children and Girls—White Cotton Knit Vests, short or no
sleeves; elastic quality.....**15c**

Girl's Black Tights or Navy Mercerised Cotton Knickers; elastic
waist and knee.....**35c**

Men's Porous Knit Combinations; closed crotch; short sleeves;
knee length drawers.....**\$1.00**

Women's Summer Vests of White Cotton Knit.....**2 for 25c**

Women's Cotton Combinations, loose or tight knee; Price.....**50c to 60c**

WOMEN'S SUMMER GLOVES

Women's White Lisle Thread Gloves of finest quality, with Black
points; 6 to 7 1/2. Price.....**50c**

Natural Chamousette Gloves, very popular for Summer wear. Price
.....**50c**

Short White or Black Pure Silk Gloves; double finger tips; dur-
able. Per pair.....**30c**

Long White Gloves, special at.....**75c**

Canvas or Tennis Shoes

Tennis Shoes for Boys, Girls, Women and Men, in White, Navy,
and Black.

A SALE OF HOSIERY

Hosiery which will present unsurpassed values this week at these
prices.

Whit Leather Hosiery for Men, Women, Boys or Girls, made of
good grade Cotton; fast black dye; 6 pairs guaranteed to wear
for four months or will be replaced with new.

For Girls—1x1 Fine Rib Black Cotton Stockings; sizes 6 1/2 to 9 1/2.
25c. pair, 3 pairs for.....**50c**

For Boys—Whit Leather Black Cotton Stockings; wide rib; sizes
6 1/2 to 9 1/2. 25c. pair, 3 pairs for.....**50c**

Women's Whit Leather Hose, Black Cotton, plain with wide rib
top; sizes 8 1/2 to 10.....**25c pair, 3 pairs for 50c**

Women's White Silk Ankle Hose; Lisle top, heel and toe; strong
wear; sizes 9 to 10.....**35c pair, 3 pairs for \$1.00**

Crompton's CJC a la

Grace Corsets

Values from \$1.25

Crompton's Corsets, made in
Canada, representing all the lat-
est and most desirable models of
the season.

Model No. 269—Medium low bust,
in sizes 18 to 26; strong wearing
Coutil; good Hose supports; lace
trimmed. Price.....**\$1.25**

Model as illustrated, No. 643—
Specially recommended for stout
women; strong wear; medium low
bust; elastic back; sizes 20 to 30.
Price.....**\$3.50**



150 Yards Fine Summer Wash

Goods, 20c yard

Former Values, 30c, 40c, and 50c.

Fine Muslins, Voiles, Ratines, in plain, striped, or flowered
designs in pretty colorings; suitable for both Blouses or
Dresses; Cotton Repps, Poplins, and Suitings; very desirable
materials.

Widths run from 27 to 30 inches; regular prices, 30c. to 50c.
Per yard.....**20c**

New Puritan Neckwear

Puritan Collars, in finest White Muslin Organdie, Voile and Mar-
quisette; plain or scalloped edge; several smart ideas in White and
Black. Specially priced.....**35c**

Rainbow Windsor Ties of Silk Crepe de Chine; rich and beautiful
color effects. Price.....**75c**

Bathing Suits for the Holidays

Prices Sufficiently Low to Command Attention.

Girl's Bathing Suits of Navy or Red Lustre.....**\$1.50**

Misses' Bathing Suits of Navy or Red Lustre, collar and tie
trimming in White and Black. Price.....**\$2.25**

Boys' Bathing Suits of Navy; new style, at.....**50c**

Men's Bathing Suits in Navy or Navy and White; one or two piece.
Price.....**\$1.00**

Women's Bathing Suits of Fine Lustre; Navy, Red, and Black;
plain or trimmed; all new styles; sizes to 44. Price.....**\$2.75**

Bathing Shoes for Misses or Women; Black or White Canvas, with
strings. Price, pair.....**35c**

Girl's Colored Rubber Bathing Caps.....**25c**

Women's Colored Rubber Bathing Caps; new styles.....**\$1.00**

WHITEWEAR SPECIALS

Corset Covers in White Cot-
ton, lace trimmed.....**35c**

Nightgowns of fine White Cot-
ton, embroidery trimming.....**\$1.00**

White Cotton Nightgowns, lace
trimmed yoke and sleeves.....**\$1.50**

Curtain Net Values

40-inch Ecru Cross Bar Scrim
regular 35c. yard.....**25c**

Colored Border Cream Mad-
ras, regular 45c. yard.....**25c**

White Muslin for Curtains,
with frilled or lace edge; 27
to 36 inches; regular 35c. and
40c. Per yard.....**20c**

Summer Blouses for Women

Featuring the New Puritan Collar.

White Voile Blouses in dainty style, with the Puritan collar; hem-
stitched edge; front double frilled; pretty buttons; sizes 36 to 40.
Price.....**\$2.25**

Puritan Collar Blouses in White Ground Voile, with large Polka
Dot in Pink, Sky, or Black; the very newest effect; specially
priced at.....**\$2.50**

White Batiste or Striped Muslin Waists; special.....**90c**

New Man Tailored White Waists of fine Lawn, with Linen collar
and cuffs. Price.....**\$2.50**

Millinery Clearance Sale

All remaining season's stock is marked down for immediate sale.
Former prices ranged from \$5.00 as high as \$15.00. Clearance
Sale Prices.....**\$2.50 and \$3.95**

Pique Sports Hats, in White. Price.....**\$1.50**

Grocery Department

Fresh Fruit arriving daily in our Grocery Department. Lowest
prices.

F. E. McLEOD, "The Store of Better Values" LACOMBE

Dolmage St.**ARNOT'S****Lacombe**

Children's Barefoot Sandals, sizes 5 1-2 to 2, at \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.25
 Children's Play Slippers, in tan and patent leathers, regular \$2.00 for \$1.50
 Ladies' Russia Calf Oxfords, solid rubber soles, regular \$4.75 for \$3.00
 Women's Large Kitchen Aprons 50c
 House Dresses \$1.00
 Ladies' Bathing Suits in Black, Blue and Green Lustre \$2.75
 Misses' Bathing Suits in Red, Blue and Brown Lustre \$2.25
 Ladies' Pure Rubber Bathing Caps 50c
 Ladies' White Cotton Hose 15c

Men's two-piece Cashmere Bathing Suits \$1.50
 Men's White Outing Shirts \$1.35
 Men's Silk Hose in fancy colors, 3 prs. for \$1.00
 Men's two-piece Merino Underwear, per garment 50c
 Men's Combination Merino Underwear \$1.25
 Men's Combination Underwear, Balbriggan, \$1
 Men's two-piece Balbriggan Underwear, per suit 75c
 Men's White Lisle Sox 25c pr.
 Men's Negligee Shirts, in stripes, reg. \$1.75 at \$1.25
 Men's Horsehide Work Gloves \$1.00
 Men's Horsehide Gauntlet Gloves \$1.25

Grocery Specials

Puffed Rice 2 for 25c
 Puffed Wheat 2 for 25c
 Malta Vita 10c package
 Corn Flakes 3 for 25c
 Donalco Apples, gallon tin for 35c
 Donalco Plums, 2 lb. tins at 15c
 Donalco Strawberries, 2 lb. tin for 45c
 Pears per tin 15c
 Tomatoes, solid pack, 2 tins 25c
 Pumpkins, Donalco Brand, 2 tins for 25c
 Seedless Raisins, 16 oz. package, 2 for 25c
 Genuine French Castle Soap, 6 bars for 25c

KING'S QUALITY FLOUR, 98 lb. sack, delivered - \$4.00**The Cadet Sports**

One of the most enjoyable as well as successful day's sport ever held in Lacombe was the Cadet sports, held on July 1st, and to say that the boys and girls enjoyed themselves is putting it mildly. One and all went home declaring they had the day of their lives, and the committee in charge feel so gratified with the result of the day, which was given up entirely to the young folks, that they feel this day should and will be kept up each year.

The shooting event for the two medals donated by A. A. Gilmour and Dr. R. G. Gilmour (Lacombe Bakery) occupied the boys during the morning. There were 21 boys took part in this contest, shooting 24 rounds each, but no award was made, as it was decided to have another shoot later to award the prizes.

Promptly at 12:30 p.m. on the arrival of the train from the south, which brought the Red Deer Cadet bugle band, under Sgt. Major Harvey, the Lacombe Cadets "lined up" at the station and marched to the Fair Grounds, headed by the band and followed by a large crowd of interested spectators, and immediately the afternoon's sports and races began, following being the winners of the events:

100 yard race, boys 14 and under—1, E. McGill; 2, Stanley Kent; 3, Harry Vickerson.
 100 yard race, boys over 14—1, Tom Grant; 2, E. McGill; 3, Dave McDonald.

220 yard race, boys 14 and under—1, E. McGill; 2, Gordon Gilmour; 3, Frank Watt.

220 yard race, boys over 14—

1, Tom Grant; 2, E. McGill; 3, Dave McDonald.
 75 yards, for girls 14 and under—1, Eleanor Tett; 2, Marion Watt; 3, Grace Outhouse.

Quarter mile race—1, Arlo Hall; 2, Tom Grant; 3, Percy Lawton.

Standing hop-step-and-jump, boys 14 and under—1, Ed. Springbett; 2, Gordon Gilmour.

Standing hop-step-and-jump, boys over 14—1, Tom Grant; 2, Willie Parsons.

Running hop-step-and-jump, boys 14 and under—1, Gordon Gilmour; 2, Ed. Springbett.

Running hop-step-and-jump, boys over 14 years—1, Tom Grant; 2, Willie Parsons; 3, Hill Kent.

Half mile relay race—1, Tom Grant, E. McGill, A. McPherson and H. Malcolm (Red Deer team).

108 yard race, boys under 10 years—1, H. Watt; 2, B. Harrington; 3, Gordon Ritz.

Three-legged race—1, Oliver Vickerson and Harold McLeod; 2, T. Watt and D. M. McDonald.

Throwing baseball—1, Arlo Hall; 2, Dave McDonald.

Half mile race—1, Angus McPherson; 2, Arlo Hall.

Kicking football—1, Frank Watt; 2, Harry Vickerson.

Running high jump, boys 14 and under—1, Rho Gilmour; 2, Gordon Gilmour.

Running high jump, boys over 14 years—1, John McDonald; 2, Arlo Hall.

Running broad jump, boys 14 and under—1, Rho Gilmour; 2, Gordon Gilmour; 3, F. Watt.

Running broad jump, boys over 14 years—1, Arlo Hall; 2, F. Cole; 3, Hill Kent.

Wheelbarrow race—1, W. Parsons and F. Nelles; 2, H. McLeod and H. Vickerson.

Boot race—1, F. Watt; 2, Robbie Watt; 3, Gordon Bulger.
 Highest aggregate prize, boys 14 and under—Won by Gordon Gilmour, 11 points.

Highest aggregate prize, boys over 14 years—Won by Arlo Hall, 16 points.

Girls' basket ball—Ponoka team having failed to come down, this game was between the Lacombe team and a picked team of young ladies of Lacombe. The former won easily, which shows that practice makes perfect.

The committee wish to thank those who so generously contributed towards the day's program, and are sure the boys and girls highly appreciate the generosity of the givers:—C. C. Curtis, for fixing up the track and basket ball grounds; O. W. Thorne, for basket ball racks; Trimble & Garland, lumber; John Barnett, poles.

Lacombe business men for the prizes as per program—C. B. Halpin, for printing; McDonald & McBride, \$5.00; Merchants' Bank, \$5.00; Hop Chung, \$5.00; Andrew Gilmour, \$5.00; Edwin H. Jones, \$5.00; W. E. Tees, \$2.00; D. W. Garner, \$2.50; Dr. Hynes, \$2.00; F. L. Smith, \$2.00; D. Cameron, \$1.00; L. B. Miller, \$1.00; Vickers & Kriese, \$2.00; Dr. Harrington, \$1.00; Dr. Sharpe, \$1.00; F. Parsons, \$1.00; E. R. Kent, \$2.00; J. H. McArthur, \$2.00; A. E. Dean, \$1.00; A. T. Inskip, \$1.00; R. C. Metzgar, \$1.00; R. McQuillan, \$1.00; W. Reid, \$1.00; M. B. Macdonald, \$1.00; Mr. Awad, 50c; Dairy Lunch, 50c; B. C. Cafe, 50c; Wing Sing, 50c; gate receipts, \$27.75. Total, \$81.25.

Rainy Creek News

H. C. Peterson and family were called to Red Deer on Friday of last week on account of the serious sickness of Mrs. Peterson's father, Mr. Wm. French.

Miss Anna Thompson came up from Calgary the last of last week to spend the summer holidays.

Geo. Martin and wife, of Calgary, visited a couple of days last week with his sister, Mrs. J. J. Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Surrat are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, born July 4.

Mrs. A. H. Davis and niece, Miss Lucy Daniel, left Monday for a short stay at Banff before returning to their home in Iowa.

N. S. Nelson and son, Maris, are taking in the Calgary Fair this week.

The Rainy Creek U. F. A. are holding a picnic at the east end of Sylvan Lake on Saturday, July 10. Basket dinner. All are invited.

Arbordale News

The Secretary-Treasurer of the U. F. A. No. 454, says in last week's news that he was never instructed to pay that money to the baseball boys. Now, believe me, you certainly must be some secretary-treasurer if you have to call a meeting to find out if you should pay a bill, that you owe. If there was any kind of a man about you at all, you would have paid it the same day we played the game, and not wait for a year. You also say the writer is not man enough to come to your meetings and ask about this account. I would call a man a darn fool if he would go to a meeting and ask you for the money, as it was asked for two or three times already. If you don't want to part with the \$8.75, you had better keep it and use it for some purpose which may benefit yourself more.

As for throwing slurs, E. H. Madden, the writer of last week's news, can throw more slurs than any person that ever wrote Arbordale news. Now, if you think that I have any grudge against you, just come down and take it out of my hide if you think you can do it.

JOE KANGIESSER.

SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNMENT OFFERS TROOPS FOR EUROPE

London, July 6.—A Reuter dispatch from Johannesburg, South Africa, says:

"General Jan Christian Smuts (minister of interior, mines and defense of the Union of South Africa) has announced that the South African government has offered to organize a contingent of volunteers for service in Europe and also a force of heavy artillery. He is momentarily expecting a reply from the Imperial government."

FATAL MOTOR ACCIDENT.

Preston, Ont., July 6.—As a result of a motoring accident, Miss Florence Mickler was killed here Sunday. In company with her father and three sisters, Miss Mickler was motoring to Glen Morris. The car was travelling about ten miles an hour when something went wrong with the steering gear and it went over the bank. Miss Florence was in the front seat with her father, and with him, was pinned beneath the car. The three girls in the rear seat crawled out and were able to release the other two. Miss Florence was dead when taken out and the father was almost blinded by gasoline and had a severe injury to his hip. The other three daughters were uninjured.

FOUR DROWNED IN LAKE ST. CLAIR

Wallaceburg, Ont., July 6.—Four Wallaceburg people were drowned in Lake St. Clair at 6:30 Sunday afternoon. The victims are Mr. and Mrs. Chester McDougall, Mrs. W. A. Howard and Miss Eva Fethergill. They were members of a party of nine in a motor boat. The craft was swamped by waves during a storm which came on suddenly. The other five members of the party were rescued by another launch which rushed to the scene. Details of the tragedy are lacking. The survivors are Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Davis, Miss Steinhoff, J. A. Fethergill, brother of the girl who was drowned, and Herbert McDougall, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chester McDougall, who also were lost. All are of Wallaceburg.

RUSSIANS TELL OF SOME SUCCESSES IN TRANS-CASPIA.

Petrograd, July 4.—The following Russian statement regarding operations in the Trans-Caspian war theatre was given out here Sunday night:

"There was an artillery battle in the coast region on July 1, our destroyers exchanging fire with Turkish artillery."

"In the direction of Oult, the enemy's offensive, begun south of Kharko, was repulsed."

"In the region of Karadagbent our troops charged the heights west of the village of Aidirmkom. South of Aivazek the Turks were driven back to the Charange range. There has been an artillery duel in Zewan region."

"Elsewhere there is no change."

FRENCH COMMANDER AT DARDANELLES IS SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Paris, July 6.—General H. J. E. Gouraud, commander of the French expeditionary force at the Dardanelles, has been wounded and is returning to France. This announcement is made in the French official statement, issued Saturday night, which adds that the general, who received his injuries by the explosion of a shell, which fell near an ambulance, is not dangerously wounded.

"General Gouraud, commander of the French forces at the Dardanelles, has been wounded by the explosion of a shell, which fell near an ambulance where the general had gone to visit the wounded. He is returning to France, his life not being endangered."

"General Bailloud (formerly commanding the French troops in Algeria) has taken General Gouraud's place provisionally."

GERMAN THREATS ABOUT WARSAW

London, July 6.—A dispatch from Petrograd to Reuter's Telegram says:

"A great number of civilians are leaving Warsaw in order not to hamper military operations."

"German aeroplanes are dropping messages into Warsaw stating that the city will be in the possession of the Germans within a month."

"The Germans, it is known, have drawn up lists of prominent people whom they plan to hang for their Russian sympathies."

Windle, lecturer for booze, speaks in the Comet Theatre tonight. Hear him and find out for yourself just how helpless the booze people are when they try to argue favorable to booze. The Blind Orator made the prohibition party forty or forty-five votes, and we hope Windle will do the same. Bear in mind, however, he is receiving a good salary from the booze interests, for his lecture, and is very apt to be prejudiced on their side.

J. P. MORGAN, JR. SHOT BY CRANK; NOT BADLY HURT

New York, July 3.—When the news of the shooting of Mr. Morgan reached financial circles in New York the question was raised as to whether the financier's activities in connection with the European war had anything to do with the motive of the attack upon him. The house of J. P. Morgan & Co. was the purchasing agent of the British government for munitions and supplies bought in this country. It was this morning that an announcement had been made prominently in New York papers of details of a plan of a group of bankers, of which Mr. Morgan was one of the leaders, for the flotation in this country of \$100,000,000 of the new British war loan.

Mr. Morgan's assailant is declared by officials at the court house here, where he was taken, to have said he was of German descent, and that he was willing to give up his life at any time to end the war. It was added that he declared Mr. Morgan was responsible for the war, and for the shipment of arms abroad, and that he could stop the conflict if he wished.

Mr. Morgan's assailant asserted this afternoon that his name was F. Holt, and said that he was an instructor in German at Cornell University.

GERMANS INTERFERE WITH NEUTRAL MAIL.

London, July 5.—The British foreign office, in an official statement issued last night, commenting on the allegations that the Swedish mail steamers Bjoren and Torsten had been captured by the Germans and that mail from Russia and Sweden had been opened and the contents censored, says: "This has been established beyond doubt, and it is desirable under the circumstances that it be generally known, in view of the wide publicity given to statements from German sources, that the bags had been returned to the Swedish authorities unopened."

J. B. HARRINGTON, V.S., Inspector.

NO MAN YET EVER MADE A FRIEND OF LIQUOR. It is with him in prosperity, it forsakes him in adversity. It is the only purchase from which he derives no return for his money. While he spends his money on it, it is robbing him, and when the money is gone it robs him of his moral force, his physical strength and his mental ability. It is the greatest daylight robbery that man ever perpetrated on himself, and at last the people of Alberta have the choice of a clean country or a bar-ridden province. Which is to be the choice? An ounce of common sense is worth all the liquor traffic in the world. Vote it out.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

HORSE—Strayed from John M. Vicks, at Gibby, a light bay, coming 3 years next fall, white face, some white on legs, no brand. Finder please return or notify Mr. Vicks or Mr. Ingen. (J7-4p)

NOTICE.

A By-law of the Town of Lacombe to provide for the inspection of meat and the regulation of slaughter, houses, by or through which meat is brought into and offered for sale in the said Town:

Clause 5.—No meat slaughtered upon premises not usually used for slaughtering purposes, shall be offered for sale in the said Town unless the party so offering any such meat for sale shall have first received from the Inspector appointed by the said Town a permit authorizing him to offer said meat for sale in the Town, and any person so receiving any such permit shall pay to the Inspector the fees as per schedule below, viz:—A sheep, 25c.; a lamb, 25c.; a veal, 25c.; a hog, 25c.; a beef, 25c. per quarter.

Any person upon trial before a Justice of the Peace found guilty of a breach of any of the provisions of the By-law, shall pay a penalty not exceeding \$100.

J. B. HARRINGTON, V.S., Inspector.

C. C. CURTIS

Dealer in
WOOD, COAL, ICE.
DRAYING A SPECIALTY.
Agent for Cardiff Coal.
Agent for Imperial Oil Co.
Prompt Delivery our Specialty.
Phone 79.

Hail Insurance

\$6.40 per Hundred up

Liberal Adjustments and Immediate Settlements

Money to Loan on Improved Farms at 8%

We want all kinds of Farm Listings at once.

Jesse Fraser Agency

Lacombe, Alberta

NEW PERFECTION OIL STOVES

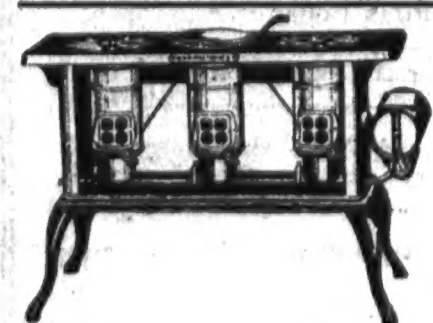
For quick cooking, fuel economy and efficiency the New Perfection Oil Stove stands alone.

The Perfection Oil Stove is ready for use all the time. No dust or smoke. Just turn the burner to the desired height and it remains the same hour after hour.



It does anything any other stove will do in the way of family cooking, boiling, stewing or baking. It burns coal oil and produces a powerful clear blue flame free from smoke and odor.

The oven for same with Glass Door permits the contents to be seen while baking.



Try a New Perfection Stove and see what a pleasure it is to cook on a hot day.

2 Burner, \$10.50.

3 Burner, \$12.50.

Morrison & Johnston Ltd.

Hardware, Furniture, Implements, etc.

Lacombe

Alberta

GRAVE INSULT TO CANADIANS

GERMAN SYMPATHIZER IMPORTED BY BOOZE INTERESTS TO WORK FOR THEIR CAUSE AND INSTRUCT LOYAL CANADIANS HOW THEY SHOULD VOTE

Editor Windle, in a Recent Issue of Brann's Iconoclast, Chicago, Says Editorially:—"The German Now Knows he is Fighting for the Future Against British Despotism. Germany is Justified in Going to Any Length to Prevent Annihilation."

A Canadian Who Would Make Statement Like Above Would be Shot as a Traitor to the Empire.—Can we Britishers, Who are Struggling for Our Homes and Humanity Against German Barbarity, Support any Cause Espoused by Editor Windle?

We have asserted that the booze interests were counting upon their support from the alien enemy and yellow race vote of this country. They are also bringing pro-Germans from the United States to support their cause. The latest importation is Mr. Windle, editor of the Iconoclast, Chicago, who is pro-German to the back bone. Instead of a hearing, Editor Windle should be run out of any British town. We were fortunate in getting a copy of the Iconoclast, Mr. Windle's paper, and take from it the following editorial, in which he is advising the United States to cut off the supply of arms, ammunition, etc., from England, and thus give Germany a chance to shorten the war. We appeal to all British subjects to read the article and decide for themselves whether a business that is importing pro-Germans to help their cause should have our support. There is no limit to the means the booze interests are using in their attempt to win Alberta. We as British subjects should rise in our might and place the booze interests and their alien enemy assistants where they belong. If the following article does not make the blood of every British subject boil with righteous indignation, we will be greatly surprised. This is a complete and full extract from a recent issue of Brann's Iconoclast, of Chicago. We have not made any alterations in it, and publish it in its entirety. Read it over. Here it is:

WAR, NEUTRALITY AND AMERICANISM.

(From Brann's Iconoclast.)

"The German went into the war thinking he was fighting for a cause that was right, and he now believes he is, knows he is, fighting for the very future, fighting against British despotism and for his fatherland."

"So it is with nations. Germany, in view of the threats of the allies to destroy her, is justified in going to any length to prevent annihilation."

"Every gun and every pound of ammunition sent England tends to prolong the war. We say that we are neutral, but as an absolute fact we are helping the allies and are not helping Germany."

"However, there is one thing which we could do, and which would speedily remove all friction between this and European countries. We can and should place an embargo on all munitions of war, stating that under no circumstances will any arms or ammunition be exported from the United States to any of the warring countries. This would make us real advocates of peace and stop Americans from helping either side. It would also save many lives and possibly shorten the war."

"In addition to an embargo on munitions of war, we could state very plainly that we could not be a party to a plan to starve millions of people, and that we would be compelled to prohibit the exportation of food, clothing and supplies of any kind to England or the allies unless we were permitted to trade with every other nation on equal terms."

"THE KAISER IS NO MORE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PRESENT WAR THAN KING GEORGE, CZAR NICHOLAS, OR THE EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH. THE GERMAN NOW KNOWS HE IS FIGHTING FOR THE FUTURE AGAINST BRITISH DESPOTISM. GERMANY IS JUSTIFIED IN GOING TO ANY LENGTH TO PREVENT ANNIHILATION."

This article from Brann's Iconoclast, is not written by a correspondent. It is written and signed by the editor, and editor-in-chief C. A. Windle dare not deny this fact.

Can you British subjects vote for interests so opposed to the welfare of Great Britain. Can you, after reading over the long list of our brave Canadian boys killed in battle against the Huns, go to the polls and vote for a business supported by an alien enemy who says "The German now knows he is fighting for the future against British despotism." Can you tolerate a business that resorts to a campaign of this nature?

COVERDALE — ALDWINKLE

The home of Mr. and Mrs. I. O. Coverdale was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Monday, June 28th, at 3 o'clock, when Miss Anna Coverdale, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. O. Coverdale, was united in marriage to Mr. Ernest H. Aldwinckle, both of this district. Just before the marriage ceremony, Mrs. H. Woody very sweetly sang "O Promise Me." Mrs. H. Woody played the wedding march. The bride was attended by Miss Hilda Seaton, from Edmonton, Mr. E. H. Madden acting as best man. After the ceremony everybody sat down to a table laden with good things to eat, and shortly afterwards the happy couple left by train from Blackfalds amidst showers of rice and good wishes, to points south, where they will spend a few weeks. The bridegroom's gift to the bride was a magnificent gold brooch set with diamonds, to the

bridesmaid a pearl brooch, and best man an opal tiepin. The bride and groom were recipients of many valuable and useful gifts, showing the high esteem in which they are held.

LACOMBE MAN WINS BIG PRIZE

The results of the purebred dairy competition, conducted for twelve consecutive months by the provincial department of agriculture, have been announced by the Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture. The first prize, silverware to the value of two hundred dollars, has been awarded to G. E. White, Lacombe, whose cows scored 13,124 points; Michener Bros., Red Deer, were second with 12,557 points; H. J. Smith, Clover Bar, 3rd, 11,415 points, and C. A. J. Sharman, Red Deer, 4th, 10,162 points. The second prize is silverware to the value of one hundred dollars, and the third prize

silverware valued at fifty dollars. The prizes were presented at Calgary exhibition yesterday by Mr. Marshall, who was responsible for the competition, and who has taken a keen interest since its inception.

Others who entered were Milne & Herbert, Colinton; E. W. Shenfield, Bowden; P. Pallassen, Calgary; A. H. Trimble, Red Deer; O. E. Fisher, Red Deer; J. J. Richards, Red Deer, and William Gilbert, Minburn.

The competition, which began on April 1st of last year, and ended on March 31st of this year, was open to the owner of any purebred herd of dairy cows in the province. All cows in each herd were entered, but the final award was made on the average milk and butterfat production of the highest yielding fifty per cent of the cows in each herd, provided ten cows or over were entered. In herds of less than ten cows, the highest five cows were taken.

The statistics tabulated each month showed the weight of each milking, with the total yield of milk from each cow per month, and an approximate statement of the amount and kind of food given, together with data concerning stabling and care of the animals. Twenty-five points were allotted for each pound of butterfat, and three points for each pound of solids not fat.

The primary object of the competition was to devise a system which would enable owners to weed out unprofitable cows, or, in other words, to place the dairy business on a business basis. From this point of view the competition was a great success, and will have a beneficial result in many ways than one.

MIDSUMMER EXAMINATIONS.

Grade III. to IV.
Adeline Thompson, 89 per cent.; Lila Rose, 85; Stewart Vickers, 84; Catherine Scorgie, 82; Dora Shaver, 82; Lucy Waugh, 81; Beatrice Winn, 81; Marion Watt, 80; Margaret Calder, 78; Anna Raymond, 77; Gordon Bulger, 77; Laura Tittsworth, 72; Hugh McQuillan, 70; Sammie Davidson, 70; Janet Taylor, 68; Thomas Taylor, 68; Ellen Myers, 68; Victor Glover, 67; Madeline Haynes, 63; Ethel Redig, 62; May Anderson, 61; Winnie Ellis, 61; Woin Chung, 61; Albert Boode, 60; Tom Day, 60.

The following will be considered on opening of school:
Sammie Turner, Lowell Clarke, Ortha Outhouse, Andrew Limp, Willie Parsons, Beverly Harrington, Lila Barker, Bly Reeves.

Grade V. to VI.

Jack Bulger, 81 per cent.; Ina Scorgie, 79; Mary Wilson, 79; Frank Petrick, 79; Arthur Watson, 76; Florence Travers, 73; Arthur Storey, 73; Melvin Gough, 73; Melvin Chase, 73; Olive Chisler, 73; Willie Wilson, 72; Cecil Bowness, 72; Stanley Waugh, 72; Eleanor Tett, 70; Bert Ritz, 68; Willie Clarke, 68; Willie Degeer, 67; Mary Kent, 66; Gertrude Ramsey, 66; Charles Bishop, 66; Robert Watt, 66; Mason Beebe, 65; Willie Armour, 65; Audrey Brown, 65; Ada McNaughton, 64; Beth Lundy, 64; Lodema Cole, 64; Florence Taylor, 64; Mabel Hill, 63; Gertrude Steed, 63; Russell Dagg, 58; Herbert Pocock, 51.

Senior I. to Grade II.

Arthur Berry, Claudia Blair, Billie Burris, Lawrence Campbell, Olive Clarke, James Jackson, Raymond MacDonald, Blanche McFetridge, Cecil McMurray, Wayne Myers, Eddie Newman, Fred Outhouse, Laura Parsons, Grace Umbreit, Lester Williamson.

Junior to Senior Class.
Reginald Banks, Kenneth Clarke, Leone Haynes, Herbert Hutton, Cyril Patstone, Morris Reid, Roberta Travis, Margaret Watt, Lawrence Winters.

A. I. Flack, Teacher.

This is the time when newspapers must come out and put themselves on record in the prohibition battle, or by their neutrality declare their utter lack of courage. Now is the time to speak or bear the consequences.

If it is a Pump you want, see us.—Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

Miss Murray, of Macdonald & McBride's office, is spending her holidays at Banff.

The Ponoka basketball team failed to appear on the first, to the great disappointment of the Lacombe girls.

Ice Cream Freezers, all sizes, at Morrison & Johnston's, Ltd.

Mrs. Hodge and daughters, of Toronto, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gilmour, for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Macdonald and Jack left on Monday on a holiday trip to California, where they will visit the Exposition.

Now is the time to get a Refrigerator; see us.—Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

Mrs. Winter and children left today (Wednesday) for Duvernay, Alberta, where they will visit for a couple of months.

Mrs. C. H. Chapman, of Medicine Hat, is visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Simpson, for a few days.

Furnished rooms to rent.—Apply to Mrs. Wells, corner Barnett Avenue and Day St., Lacombe.

Table board, by day or week; first class.—Apply to Mrs. Lambert, corner Day St. and Barnett Ave.

A. A. McGillivray, of Calgary, and Mrs. McGillivray, are now holidaying at the Lake.

Miss Lila Boardman and Miss Dora Talbot left for Edmonton on Monday, where they will attend the summer school for teachers.

They are going to give five cent beer now as a pull for votes. The people cannot be bought with five cent beer.

M. Woolf, M.P.P. for Cardston, says that his constituency will go ninety-five per cent. in favor of prohibition.

Miss Edna Boardman, teacher at Bonnie Glen school, west of Wetaskiwin, was a visitor at the Lake over Sunday.

A. Belcher and family, of Edmonton; Mr. and Mrs. Nesbit and family, of Wetaskiwin; Alex. Belcher and Miss Belcher, are among the latest arrivals at Gull Lake.

The Women's Institute will serve meals in the building recently occupied by the Scott Fruit Co., on Dolmage St., on Monday, July 12.

Miss Nettie Ross left last week via G.T.P. for California and Arizona, for a holiday visit of three months.

Divine service in connection with the Methodist church will be conducted in the assembly hall, Weisville, at 7:30 p.m. each Sunday during the summer.

The Ladies' Aid of Grace Methodist church will serve hot dinner and supper in the church on July 12th. Your patronage is solicited.

On the 12th of July we are going to make postal card photos at 3 for 50c., or \$1.00 per dozen. Samples may be seen at the studio or in the display case on the 12th of July.—B. S. Cameron Photo Studio, Lacombe.

The ladies of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches will serve meals on July 12th—the former in the recreation room at the church, and the latter in their assembly room.

Divine worship will be held forthrightly in Elkhorn school house, commencing Sunday, July 11th, at 7:30 p.m. Everybody is invited to be present. J. W. Bainbridge, Methodist student, will officiate.

The Methodist and Presbyterian congregations are uniting for Divine service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. each Sunday during the months of July and August. The services are being held in the Presbyterian church during July. Preacher, Rev. M. White.

After the show in the Comet Theatre on Monday evening, July

12th, there will be a dance under the auspices of the Rex Oshetra. Arrangements have been made for refreshments, etc., and Manager Johnston guarantees a good time for all who attend.

Glen White, the well-known farmer of the Spruceville district, lost a valuable horse on Monday morning last. The animal was being driven by Mr. White's hired man, who had just delivered cream at the Creamery. On approaching the Barnett Avenue crossing of the C.P.R., the driver did not notice the express approaching, although there is a clear view of two or three hundred yards. The engineer put on the emergency brakes when he saw that he was going to hit the horse, and the train was stopped in a car length. The horse was killed and the rig smashed, but fortunately the driver escaped.

UNDER THE SPELL

The above play, a temperance drama, will be presented at the Comet Theatre on Monday, July 12th, by the Prohibition Players, a talented company of young Albertans. This play has been put on in several towns, and the press has been unanimous in saying that it is deserving of patronage. See posters for particulars.

ADVENTIST CAMP MEETING.

The Seventh-day Adventist camp will be a busy place, as is indicated by the following daily program:
5.30 a.m.—Rising bell.
6.00 a.m.—Devotional, young people's meeting.
7.00 a.m.—Breakfast.
8.00 a.m.—Private worship and Bible study.
9.30 a.m.—Missionary conference.
12.30 a.m.—Dinner.
3.00 p.m.—Preaching.
4.30 p.m.—Children's meeting.
5.00 p.m.—Young people's meeting.
6.15 p.m.—Supper.
7.30 p.m.—Song service.
7.45 p.m.—Preaching.
9.45 p.m.—Retiring bell.
10.00 p.m.—Silence.

The public are welcome at any of these meetings. Especially are they invited to the preaching services at 4.00 and 7.45, when present-day events will be discussed from a Scripture standpoint by prominent speakers from abroad.

NOTICE UNDER THE LAND TITLES ACT.

Whereas Robert A. J. Little, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, the registered owner of lot 3, block 2, in the Townsite of Asperin, in the Province of Alberta, of record in the Land Titles Office for the North Alberta Land Registration District as Plan LXXVII (certificate of title 77 T 13) has produced proof of the accidental loss or destruction of the Duplicate Certificate of Title therefor, and has applied to me for the issue to him of a fresh Duplicate Certificate of Title.

Notice is hereby given that after four (4) weeks from the first publication of this notice, a fresh Duplicate Certificate of Title will issue to him, unless in the meantime good cause is shown why same should not issue.

Dated at Edmonton this 29th day of June, 1915.
P. L. McNAMARA, Registrar.

The Royal Bank of Canada
BENTLEY, ALBERTA
Sub-Branch at Lacombe.
Office hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Souvenirs of Lacombe

Visitors to town or to Gull Lake should take some little remembrance of their visit.

We have Sterling Silver Souvenir Spoons at 75c. to \$2.00.

Sterling Silver Enamelled Brooches, Maple Leaf and other shapes, 25c. to 75c., engraved "Lacombe."

Leather Purses with enameled shield, very special at 25c.

Napkin Rings, gold plated, with Coat of Arms in enamel, 35c.

Denike & Bulger

Jewelers
Pianos, Marriage Licenses

WILLIAM A. GILMOUR

Will pay the following prices delivered in his yards at Lacombe this week:

Choice Fat Steers, 1,200 lbs. and up, 6c. to 6 1/2c.
Choice Fat Steers, 1,000 lbs. and up, 5 1/2c. to 6c.
Extra Choice Fat Heifers.....5c. to 5 1/2c.
Choice Fat Cows.....4 1/2c. to 5c.
Medium to good Fat Cows and Heifers, 3c. to 4 1/2c.
Fat Bulls.....3 1/2c. to 3 3/4c.
Beef Hides.....5c.

HOGS—Hog prices are so uncertain that we cannot quote a steady price. Those wishing to sell, phone us for prices.

Further information regarding prices can be had by phoning 20 from 7.30 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Night Phone 40.

THE PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Cole & Slater -- Lacombe

We will pay the following prices, delivered at Lacombe, for the week:

Choice Fat Steers.....\$6.00 to \$6.50
Choice Fat Cows.....\$6.50 to \$6.00
Choice Fat Stags.....\$4.00 to \$4.75
Choice Fat Bulls.....\$3.00 to \$3.75
Spring Milk Calves.....\$7.00
Choice Killing Sheep (sheared), wethers.....\$5.50 to \$6.00
Ewes.....\$4.50 to \$5.25
Choice Fat Yearling Lambs.....\$5.50 to \$6.00

For Top Prices on Fat Hogs, Phone 15 or 47.

FAT CHICKENS, LIVE WEIGHT

Fowl, No. 1.....7c.

Other grades at proportionate prices. We cannot accept thin cull stock.

Ready-Made Eyeglasses

People who experiment with ready-made glasses are running a terrible risk. The kind I sell are specially ground to suit your particular case. They help you and in some cases cure you of your troubles; you can then get along without glasses altogether. The ready-made kind were never made for you. They may appear to help you for a time, but they are injuring your eyes every day you wear them. Can you afford to experiment? Decidedly no. Then let me test your eyes and give you glasses that will improve your vision. The opportunity is here at your own door today.

"Five Feet Past the Entrance of the Royal Bank."

PAUL HOTSON
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Royal Bank Building, Lacombe

How To Mark the Ballot

The following is the form that the ballot will probably take. Every supporter of the temperance forces should mark an (X) in the square before the word "Yes." See that the ballot is marked right.

The Province of Alberta
THE DIRECT LEGISLATION ACT

Submission of a proposed Act entitled "The Liquor Act" to Electors.

DIRECTION TO VOTERS—The voter shall indicate his vote as follows:

If he approves of the proposed Act he shall make a cross in the square opposite the word "Yes."

If he does not approve of the proposed Act he shall make a cross in the square opposite the word "No."

BALLOT:
Question: Do you approve of the proposed Act—"The Liquor Act"?

☒ YES
☐ NO

FOR SALE.

Capt. C. W. Gaiskell has for sale:—
Pure-bred Berkshire Hogs from good stock, both sexes; young or old.

One Pure-bred Holstein Bull, 2 years old; one Pure-bred Holstein Bull calf, 4 months old.
Some good Young Horses.
Goose Eggs.
Apply to C. L. Seaville (Manager), R.R. 3, Lacombe. Phone R. 702. (A14-6mths)

NOTICE.
All cattle branded — O J on left ribs (north of Calgary) are the property of T. Jones, Chigwell. Please notify. (39-4p)

TENDERS.
Tenders wanted for the repairing and painting of Garritt school house. Specifications may be obtained from N. S. Nelson, Sec.-Treas., Bentley P.O. Tenders must be in on or before July 15. (730-2c)

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Capital Authorized.....\$ 25,000,000
 Capital Paid Up.....11,560,000
 Reserve and Undivided Profit.....13,174,000
 Aggregate Assets.....180,000,000

Drafts, Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques issued,
 available in all parts of the world.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Savings Departments at all branches. Deposits of \$1.00
 and upwards received, and interest allowed at highest
 current rates.

340 Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland;
 40 Branches in West India, London, England, and New
 York.

Lacombe Branch - J. G. Nickerson, Manager

Sub-Branches, BENTLEY and BLACKFALDS, ALBERTA

Booze Interests Call on Alien Enemies for Help

The whisky ring is devoting most of its time just now to naturalizing Germans, Austrians and Chinamen. If there were any Turks to naturalize they would be busy enough naturalizing the Turk as well. The vote of a Turk counts as much in the ballot box as that of any Canadian.

The voter of the Mother Country should look about him and get some idea of the way that the whisky ring is attempting to carry this election. Many Englishmen quite properly speak of their love for the personal liberty of the subject. There is nothing stronger in the character of men. There is no interference with the personal liberty of the subject in this legislation, whatever the whisky ring says about it. This proposed law does not interfere unreasonably with the personal liberty of any person. Of course, any law that is passed to some extent interferes with the liberty or license of some person. This law will remove the open

bar, a deadly menace to our country. It will prohibit the trade in liquor in the province.

That is not unreasonable interference. It is a much-needed restriction of a pernicious traffic. But here is the point to which we would have all self-respecting people in this province direct their attention. The whisky people are making British subjects of the alien enemy for the sole purpose of having them vote in this election and nullify the votes of the people whose standards of living are somewhat different.

The whisky ring is turning votes into British subjects in order to nullify the votes of British people.

In this conflict the better class of people are opposed by a triple alliance, composed of the whisky ring, the alien enemy and the exotic vote.

But it is a free country. If any person desires to join that alliance and vote against prohibition, he is at liberty to do so.

Prohibition and Business

(Calgary, Alberta.)
 "I have met some merchants who rather think they will oppose the prohibition act on July 21 because they are afraid that it will interrupt business," writes a Calgary business man to the *Albertan*. "I think that a man of that kind is the most short-sighted of all. I met such a man a few days ago, and knowing him to be sincere I asked him to investigate for a few hours, and we did investigate. We went around during the afternoon and asked some other merchants we knew how business was that day. They were quite despondent and downhearted. They declared that business was not good, that day or any day, and the reason was that no person had money to make any purchases.
 "Then after seven o'clock we started in to visit the bars, and during the evening we called on most of them. We didn't do very much drinking, but we called at most of the more prominent bars in the city. Every bar in which we stopped was doing a thriving business. The ring of the cash register was sounding regularly. Thousands of Calgary people handing over the real money for booze and handing it over rapidly. There wasn't a bar that wasn't as busy as could be.
 "When we concluded our journey I asked my friend what he

thought about prohibition. He had told me before we got past the first four bars. There is where the money is going. Half of the amount of money that was being turned in over the bars was directed to legitimate needs, business would be thriving, booming in this city.

"The interruption to business in this and every other city is because so much money is being wasted on drink. I am not exactly a teetotaler, though I do not spend much money in drink. I know this much. If the money that is turned in over the bar after the customer has had enough drink, were spent in the stores, the business in this city would take on a new life.

"I am going to vote 'Yes' on that prohibition act," said my merchant friend. "I see that I cannot afford to do anything else."

"I would ask you, Mr. Editor, to suggest to any merchant who has any doubt about the effect of the liquor business in this city to make the same experiment that we made."

The *Albertan* has nothing to add to this statement. It is one of the best presentations of that phase of the case that has been or could be given. I, any merchant or any person else has any doubt about it, he might try the experiment.

A Misleading Plea

A strong and persistent attempt is being made by the liquor interests to rouse the hostility of workmen and those of small incomes to the proposed provincial prohibitory liquor act on the ground that it discriminates against the poor man in favor of the rich. Yes, they say, we know you do not favor the liquor business, but when you are trying to wipe it out, for goodness sake get a law that gives the rich man the same medicine, as the poor man, and do not support a law that gives the rich man all kinds of chances to get his bitters, while the poor man is shut out altogether.

This whole plea is misleading and hypocritical. If the rich man can get liquor under the proposed act which the poor man cannot, it is no fault of the law or of the legislature, but it is due to inequalities of worldly conditions which no government can altogether regulate. We boast of our free system of education in Alberta, but the high schools, the agricultural schools, the universities, are only open to that proportion of the population that have the means to take advantage of them for their children. High school education may be open to a large number of the children of the people of cities and towns, but the children of those who live in villages and in the country are largely shut out unless

their parents can afford to send them from home for their secondary education. Similarly with the courts of justice, the primary courts do not impose a heavy burden on those who appeal to them, but the cost of carrying litigation to the higher courts is practically prohibitive to those of small means. In other departments of government—in such municipal services as water, sewer, roads, etc.—the man of small means or the man holding the less valuable property cannot take the advantage of these conveniences that the man of larger means and the man holding the more valuable property can. The man who can afford a telephone, or an auto, gets more out of the community service than the man who cannot afford them. These inequalities of worldly fortune cannot be offset by any government at the present stage of the game, though great advances in this direction have been made.

Under this liquor act the barroom of the hotel is wiped out, but so is the liquor at the club and the liquor of the wholesale and retail store. There is no discrimination there. The only peg upon which the liquor advocates hang their plea is that the poor man cannot send outside the province and cannot bring liquor in and have it in his house like the rich man can. But that is no fault of the Liquor Act; every

citizen has the same privilege, and if one can avail himself of it and another cannot, it is not the law which bars him; it is inequality of worldly condition. If the temperance people of Alberta had their way, this inter-provincial trade would be further hampered and abolished, but the lawmaking powers of the Province are governed by the Confederation Act and the decisions of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council thereon, and only acts of the Dominion and Imperial Parliaments can change the respective spheres of legislation and control of Dominion and Province. The inter-provincial trade, however, is a small factor compared with the trade within the province which would be abolished.

"No citizen, nor class of citizens, have the right to ask the Province to allow facilities for the gratification of a physical appetite when the gratification of that appetite brings untold material and moral loss on the community, and when the majority of the people of the Province declare that these facilities shall no longer exist. The men who ask for the bar-room under these conditions are the men who want discrimination in their favor, and not those who support the prohibitory legislation."

Men, women and children of every age, all find *Reckless* a perfect laxative. Sold only by The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. and 50c. boxes.—McDermid Drug Co.

Personal Freedom

Doubtless with the idea of catching the vote of the individual who prides himself on his liberty of action, the liquor people are making a great plea on the grounds of personal liberty. In fact, one of their main contentions against the proposed Liquor Act is that it will not allow a man to do just as he likes and is therefore dangerous and to be voted out.

The argument is one of the most unthinking the liquor men have. There is no law in this country or any other, that allows a man to do as he likes, nor is there a body of legislators in this country or any other who legislate along the lines of allowing the individual his own unthinking freedom of action.

Take the instance of horse stealing. The law forbids any man from appropriating the property of his neighbor, and should he offend by doing so, the law comes down upon him. Notwithstanding the law being in force, horse stealing is by no means an unknown thing, and so it is with every other law that is made for the protection of society. Certain restrictions are put upon every community for the good of that community, and any offending against them is liable to the penalty of the law. Even in regard to the liquor laws of today there are penalties and restrictions hedging the traffic about, and yet they are often broken through.

It is ridiculous to talk about restriction of personal liberty when that liberty is something contrary to the good government of society. To follow the argument out to a logical conclusion it denies the right of any community setting up any code of laws or governing regulations whereby the majority are to guard against the freewill actions of a few.

Rexall Orderlies, the modern laxative, cleanse the system and beautify the complexion. Sold only by The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. and 50c. boxes.—McDermid Drug Co.

Care for the Interdicted

The whisky people are spending much money to distract the public from the main and only issue in this contest by injecting trifling objections to petty details. Three foes are opposing the British, said Lloyd George. They are Austria, Germany and drink, and the most deadly of all is drink.

Shall this young Province of Alberta be freed from the blight of that most deadly enemy, not merely of Britain but of mankind—the drink evil?

That is the issue. That is the question to be decided on July 21.

The public cannot be turned aside by any petty objection of the gross, selfish liquor interests.

The liquor people are paying real money for advertisements calling the attention of the relations of the liquor dealers to the interdicted, the wreckage of their vile traffic, the down-and-out victim of strong drink.

The booze people would be well advised, we believe, if they kept this skeleton carefully locked up in their well-filled closet of horrors instead of parading it before the public.

Under existing conditions the family of this pathetic product of

SHARP ATTACK REPULSED

Provincial Committee Refused Just by
 Time By "Fruit-a-lives"



MR. F. J. CAVERNE
 1002 GERRARD ST. EAST, TORONTO.

For two years, I was a victim of *Acute Indigestion and Gas In The Stomach*. It afterwards attacked my heart, and I had pains all over the body, so I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of medicines but none of them did me any good. At last, acting on the advice of a friend, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-lives' to anyone suffering from indigestion, no matter how acute."

FRED J. CAVERNE.
 Simple indigestion often leads to *Heart Attacks, Catarrh of the Stomach and constant distress of mind and body*. If you are bothered with any Stomach Trouble, and especially if Constipation troubles you, take 'Fruit-a-lives'.

10c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

The traffic may, by a legal process before a magistrate, get an order prohibiting liquor dealers, for a limited period, from selling him liquor. That is what the dealers refer to as the protection of the interdicted.

But the liquor act not merely prohibits any person from selling him liquor, but removes the traffic of which this man is the product.

The present system, to a very limited extent, may give some protection to the man already down and out. Prohibition not merely protects, but prevents.

If there are any little defects in the bill they can be remedied. We have discovered none yet, but doubtless, there are some petty defects. There usually are in legislative enactments.

If we decide upon the principle of prohibition, we can remedy any petty defects that may crop up.

Bread or Boose

Great Britain uses more grain in the manufacture of alcohol liquor in one year than she produces in her own territory in the same length of time. So that in effect, her people are not working their farms for the purpose of making bread, but for the purpose of making booze with which to destroy the economic efficiency of themselves and their fellow citizens. The whole country is dependent on its imports for its bread.

We cannot conceive of any poorer business than this, that a nation should use all the grain which it produces in the manufacture of liquors which sap the vitality and efficiency of its people without adding to any one desirable or useful quality, thus leaving the nation dependent upon the outside world for its bread and cereal foods. Such a practice is a fundamental economic error, and it seems to have taken this great war to teach Great Britain the folly of such a method.

The great war of the past nine months has taught the nations of the earth, as no moral wave or religious campaign ever could have taught them, the absolute uselessness of alcoholic beverages. It is not a moral lesson which is being taught so much as it is an economic lesson. And out of this war will come the greatest good which ever yet has been done to the cause of temperance and of personal and national efficiency, for it will have taught

every family the individual and national damage which comes from diverting the grains of the world to the manufacture of harmful drinks rather than using them for the manufacture of bread and other foods.

Dentist Objects

To The Editor:

Sir,—Who ever heard of a dentist selling liquor? In a certain advertisement the Licensed Victuallers' Association say: "Dentists are not required by the Liquor Act to report to the government when they make liquor sales." Such arguments are not worthy of notice beyond the slur cast on the dental profession, and, being a dentist myself, I wish to make a few remarks.

The Liquor Act clearly states that a dentist may not have more than one pint of liquor at one time, and that he can only administer liquor to a bona fide patient when occasion demands it as a stimulant. That doesn't mean "selling" liquor. "Administer" is the word. Perhaps the liquor interests do not know the meaning of that word.

Furthermore, if the liquor interests still maintain that the dentist will "sell" liquor under the Liquor Act, in the first place the government can prosecute him as any other offender would be prosecuted, and, most important of all, he would immediately lose his license to practice his profession. Let us hear no more of these lies about dentists "selling" liquor under the Liquor Act.

LOCAL DENTIST.

CANADIAN LOSSES ARE INCREASING RAPIDLY.

Ottawa, July 2.—Casualties lists received since yesterday indicate the Canadians were in action June 17, the losses on that date including 36 killed, 4 wounded, 13 missing and 2 prisoners of war taken by the Germans. The third heaviest action in which the Canadians have taken part occurred on June 15, when the first and second battalions lost heavily. A part from these batteries were relieved in trenches by the third and fourth, or the losses reported on June 17 was sustained largely by these batteries. Canadian casualties have now reached 9,667. The killed number 1,611; the wounded 6,360, and the missing 1,696.

BRITISH PEOPLE GROWING SERIOUS

London, July 2.—There are manifold indications throughout the United Kingdom that the people only now, after nearly a year, fully sense the seriousness of the war. Only a few months ago the boast was "business is as usual." Theatre patronage was undiminished, and the restaurant trade normal. The cabinet ministers are now urging the necessity of the most rigid economy by individuals, and school children are being besought to invest in the war loan. The newspapers daily are carrying full page advertisements of the war loan.

The Teutonic successes in Galicia, the slowness of the Dardanelles operations and the failure of the allies to inaugurate the much discussed offensive in the west, are responsible for this change in public demeanor.

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhoea Remedy

A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of diarrhoea.

It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It can always be depended upon, even in the most severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus. It is equally successful for summer diarrhoea and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his house. Buy it now. It may save life.

Price, 15 CENTS.

Cream Eggs Cream

Would cash every day help you, your farm and your district? If so, ship to the Calgary Central Creamery. I pay cash for each and every shipment.

Correct Test Highest Price
 Quick Returns

Write for prices and full particulars

P. Pallesen

Box 2074

Calgary Central Creamery

A7-3 mths

The Importance of Making Your Will Immediately

This is a time of uncertainty in every walk of life. Your Will should be made. Make it at once and appoint us Executor. Then you can rest assured that your last wishes will be carried out to the letter with a care and foresight otherwise impossible.

The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Ltd

Calgary, Alberta.

Public Administrator and Official Assignee for the Judicial Districts of
 LETHBRIDGE, MACLEOD, CALGARY, WETASKIN.
 J. G. PRATT, Inspector, Lacombe, Alberta.

LUMBER

At War Prices

Car of Canada Portland Cement

Just in.

Fresh Plaster and Lime

The Famous Galt Coal

Always in Stock

Phone 49

Atlas Lumber Company, Ltd.

O. W. Thorne Local Manager

John Fortune CITY LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

Careful Attention given to Commercial Trade

First Class Rigs and Good Drivers

Draying on Short Notice

LACOMBE - ALBERTA

CREAM WANTED

We Pay Spot Cash for
 Cream and Eggs

The Lacombe Creamery

G. A. Anderson, Prop.

Andrew Usher & Company's

Old Vatted Glenlivet Whiskey

A grand old Scotch Whiskey.

Few Equal. None Excel

Obtainable at

F. L. SMITH, Limited

Direct Importers

Agency Calgary Brewing and Malting Co., Ltd.

Vickers & Kriesse

New Lumber Yard

Everything in Lumber and Building Material.

Twin City Coal

Office and Yards

Glass Street - - Lacombe

Deering Farm Machinery

Gasoline Engines; Threshing Outfits; Demolition; Top and Open Buggies; Hayfork Tracks and Fittings; Fanning Mills; Smut Cleaners; and a full line of repairs for same. Transfer Agency for Deering Machinery.

Warehouse—Alberta Street, Lacombe.

Alex Leslie

AGENT

FARMERS!

HERE ARE SIX REASONS
WHY IT WILL PAY YOU TO
INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN

The Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Co.

Amount of business in force Dec. 31, 1914, over \$42,000,000
Assets over Liabilities, over \$100,000,000
No. of Farmers Insured, over 27,000

FIRST—Because it is owned and operated by the Farmers for their mutual benefit and not to enrich stockholders of a company formed to accumulate wealth at the expense of the insured.

SECOND—The cost of insurance is not only very low, but you are not required to pay your premiums in advance unless you prefer doing so, and no interest is charged where premium notes are taken. The agent's fee is all that is required to be paid in cash.

THIRD—The Company is thoroughly reliable, and its policies are better adapted to Farm Insurance than any others issued. The use of steam threshers permitted free of charge.

FOURTH—The cost of adjustment of loss claims are paid by the Company and not by the insured.

FIFTH—Insurance on Live Stock covers them against loss by fire anywhere on the farm, and by lightning anywhere in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

SIXTH—That this is the largest Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Canada and must therefore be giving the best satisfaction.

JESSE FRASER AGENCY, Agents at Lacombe.

GUY C. WILSON, Agent at Chive.

D. A. McDONALD, Agent at Alia.

JAS. McPHERSON, Agent at Bentley.

C. L. FARUM & CO., Agents at Ponoka.

J. H. BEELEY, Agent at Rimbey.

Bible Lecture

Extracts from the Bible lecture given by Prof. Adams Sunday night, June 27:

"How did the first day come to take the place of the seventh day of the week as the Sabbath?"

The answer to this question cannot be found within the lids of the Bible, for the change did not occur, as we shall presently prove, until centuries after the Christian era began. Over 500 years before the beginning of the Christian era, the prophet Daniel predicted a power that should "think to change the times, and laws."—Dan. 7:25. The Apostle Paul evidently refers to the same power where he says "there shall come a falling away first, and that man of sin be revealed, the son of perdition; who opposeth and exalteth himself above all that is called God, or that is worshipped; so that he as God sitteth in the temple of God showing himself that he is God."—2 Thess. 2:3-4. That a grievous apostasy would develop within the church is attested by the Apostle's words to the elders of the Ephesian church: "For this I know," said he, "that after my departing shall grievous wolves enter in among you, not sparing the flock. Also of your own selves shall men arise speaking perverse things, to draw away disciples after them."—Acts 20:29, 30. That this apostasy did take place soon after the apostles passed off the stage of action is stated by Roison in his history of Baptism, where he says: "But toward the latter end of the second century most of the churches assumed a new form, the first simplicity disappeared, and insensibly, as the old disciples retired to their graves, their children along with new converts came forward and new-modelled the cause." That this falling away was laying the ground work for the development of the Papal system, Paul's men of sin, Daniel's Little Horn is generally agreed upon by Protestant commentators. "To secure converts, the exalted standard of the Christian faith was lowered, and as the result a pagan flood flowing into the church, carried with it its customs, practices, and idols."

That among these pagan practices was the observance of Sunday a day from ancient times, dedicated to the sun will be observed by the following quotations from history.

The North British Review, Vol. 18, p. 409, in an attempt to justify Sunday observance calls it

"the wild solar holiday of all pagan times." Versteegan says, "the most ancient Germans, being pagans, and having appropriated their first day of the week to the peculiar adoration of the sun, whereof that day doth yet in our English tongue retain the name of Sunday."—Versteegan's Antiquities, p. 10, London, 1628.

Again we quote from the North British Review, Vol. 18, p. 409: "That very day was the Sunday of their heathen neighbors and respective countrymen, and patriotism gladly united with expediency in making it at once their Lord's day and their Sabbath."

That primitive church was shut up to the adoption of Sunday, until it became established and supreme, when it was too late to make another alteration. "Patriotism" and "expediency" seemed to those worldly minded Christians to justify their allowing a heathen festival supplant a Divine institution. Further reasons for this change are given by Chaffie, a clergyman of the English church, in 1662, as follows: "1. Because of contempt, scorn and derision, thereby should be had in, among all the Gentiles with whom they dwelt; how grievous would be their taunts and reproaches against the poor Christians living among them and under their power, for their new set sacred day had the Christians chosen any other than Sunday. 2. Most Christians were either servants or the poorer sort of people; and the Gentiles, most probably, would not give their servants liberty to cease from working any other day than Sunday. 3. Because had they assayed such a change, it would have been but labor in vain; they could never have brought it to pass. Dialogues on the Lord's Day, pp. 22, 23. If "taunts" and "reproaches" are sufficient motives to induce Christians to surrender their faith, then these early Christians were justified in adopting Sunday instead of the Sabbath of the Fourth Commandment.

More, in his Dialogues on the Lord's day, gives additional reasons why the church adopted this heathen festival. "It is not to be denied but we borrow the name of this day from the ancient Greeks and Romans, and we allow that the old Egyptians worshipped the sun, and as a standing memorial of their veneration, dedicated this day to him. And we find by the influence of their examples other nations doing him homage; yet these abuses did not hinder the fathers of

the Christian church simply to repeat, or altogether lay by, the day or its name, but only to sanctify and improve both, as they did also the pagan temples polluted before with idolatrous services, and other instances wherein these good men were always tender to work any other change than what was evidently necessary, and in such things as were plainly inconsistent with the Christian religion; so that Sunday being the day on which the Gentiles solemnly adored that planet, and called it Sunday, the Christians thought fit to keep the same day and the same name of it, that they might not appear causally peevish, and by that means hinder the conversion of the Gentiles and bring a greater prejudice than might otherwise be taken against the gospel.—pp. 22, 23. Thus we see that the early fathers saw fit "to sanctify and improve" Sunday, "the day on which the Gentiles solemnly adored" the sun and had "dedicated this day to him as a standing memorial of their veneration." This was done that they might "not appear causally peevish and by that means hinder the conversion of the Gentiles."

The early church did not claim and Divine precept or example for Sunday keeping. In Chambers' Encyclopedia article on Sunday, we read: "By none of the fathers before the fourth century is it (Sunday) identified with the Sabbath, nor is the duty of observing it grounded by them either on the fourth commandment, or on the precept or example of Jesus or His apostles."

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Immediately after this first Sunday law, Sylvester, the bishop of Rome, by his apostolic authority changed the name of Sunday to that of the 'Lord's Day.' This was not the first time it was called by that imposing title, but now, for the first time, men had authority to call it such. So, by this double decree, made by Constantine and Sylvester, Sunday was enacted both by church and state as the legal Sabbath. Yet it was loosely observed, as is indicated by the statement of Mosheim in his Ecclesiastical History, Cent. 4, part 2, chap. 4, sec. 5. He says: "The first day of the week, which was the ordinary and stated time for the public assemblies of the Christian, was in consequence of a peculiar law enacted by Constantine, observed with greater solemnity than it had formerly been."

It must have been a very lax observance which was made more strict by a law requiring only judges, townspeople and artificers to rest and permitting farmers to continue their ordinary work. Now "a new era," says Dr. Healy, "in the history of the Lord's day commenced."

"It was not till the year 538," says Chambers, "that abstinence from agricultural labor on Sunday was recommended, rather than enjoined, by an ecclesiastical authority (the third council of Orleans) and this expressly 'that the people might have more leisure to go to church and say their prayers; nor was it till about the end of the ninth century that the Emperor Leo, 'the philosopher,' repeated the exemption which it enjoyed under the edict of Constantine. And now, the Lord's day being thoroughly established by law as a Sabbath, the fourth commandment would more than ever be employed by the clergy as a means of persuad-

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the Christian church simply to repeat, or altogether lay by, the day or its name, but only to sanctify and improve both, as they did also the pagan temples polluted before with idolatrous services, and other instances wherein these good men were always tender to work any other change than what was evidently necessary, and in such things as were plainly inconsistent with the Christian religion; so that Sunday being the day on which the Gentiles solemnly adored that planet, and called it Sunday, the Christians thought fit to keep the same day and the same name of it, that they might not appear causally peevish, and by that means hinder the conversion of the Gentiles and bring a greater prejudice than might otherwise be taken against the gospel.—pp. 22, 23. Thus we see that the early fathers saw fit "to sanctify and improve" Sunday, "the day on which the Gentiles solemnly adored" the sun and had "dedicated this day to him as a standing memorial of their veneration." This was done that they might "not appear causally peevish and by that means hinder the conversion of the Gentiles."

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true Protestant platform is and ever has been "The Bible and the Bible only."

I quote from Keenan's Doctrinal Catechism, p. 352, as follows: Q.—When Protestants do profane work upon Saturday, or the seventh day of the week, do they follow the Scripture as their only rule of faith? do they find this permission clearly laid down in the Sacred Volume?

A.—On the contrary, they have only the authority of tradition for this practice. In profaning Saturday they violate one of God's commandments, which He has never clearly abrogated. "Remember thou keep holy the Sabbath day."

Q.—Is the observance of Sunday, as the day of rest, a matter clearly laid down in Scripture?

A.—It certainly is not, and yet all Protestants consider the observance of this particular day as essentially necessary to Salvation.

In closing I quote a few words from Rev. J. H. Atkinson, a prominent Presbyterian minister of St. John's County, Pa., words written to M. Dolaway, of said county: "I always feel that the safest way is God's way, but this Sabbath question is one amongst others that needs attention and obedience in the churches. But we ministers know more than we can enforce. Now, we protestants have papal ideas set before us from early dawn to maturity, and we don't get much further advanced than Luther, Calvin, Zwingle, and Melancthon. But I am certain the study of Scripture is making it impossible for our Protestant Christianity to remain in papal leadership much longer."

BOTH AUSTRIA AND GERMANY BANKRUPT.

London, June 26.—A well-informed neutral banker, who returned recently from Vienna, gave the Times the following account of the financial position of Austria and Germany:

"Money is plentiful in Austria—that is to say, paper money and silver and nickel coins. More than \$1,500,000,000 of paper money has been issued in the dual monarchy since the beginning of the war. The gold covering for paper circulation has decreased during the same time from nearly \$350,000,000 to \$150,000,000, but gold is needed only for purchases of food and war materials from abroad, and these are restricted to a minimum."

"If hostilities were to cease and peace were to be signed tomorrow, Austria-Hungary would immediately become bankrupt. She might be able to pay a dividend of 11 per cent. to her creditors, but not more."

"Germany also would be bankrupt, though in her case the gold might be as high as 15 or 16 per cent."

"Austrian and German financiers are buoyed up by the belief that a huge war indemnity will be secured, and that the enemy will have to pay for all her expenditures."

SAYS WHISKEY LED HIM ALONG ROAD TO RUIN

Kansas City, Mo., July 2.—"I suppose they all have some excuse to give," said Frank West, confessed counterfeiter, to Ed. Morrison, a deputy United States marshal, as he was being taken to jail to await action by grand jury.

"Most of them do," replied Morrison.

"Well, my excuse is that old excuse—whiskey," said West. "Never was in trouble in my life until I began to drink whiskey. Got good looks at home—brought up to go to church. Started to drink whiskey—now I'm going to jail."

West came from Iowa, where his people are farmers. His career in crime was short. He tried to hold up a jitney driver, got caught, and afterward counterfeited money and molds were found in his room.

"I was brought up to work—never stole a thing in my life until I got to drinking whiskey. At first I would take just a sociable drink. That drink for sociability led to real drinking. Whiskey and work won't mix. I lost my desire to work. I ran out of money. I wanted more money—wanted it to buy whiskey."

"With my mind and morals dulled by whiskey, I thought I could make money easy without work by counterfeiting, so I began. Never made much of a success of it, so I tried to hold up the jitney."

"Whiskey did all of that for me," he concluded as they reached the jail. "It's not an excuse for what I've done, it's the reason for it."

It costs the public a dollar a day to board the man who has to be sent to the penitentiary, plus the cost of keeping his family as wards of the municipality or of a charitable organization. If the sale of drink were stopped the dollar per day would be saved, and the prisoner would support his own family by doing some sort of useful work.

BUSINESS CARDS

MacDonald & McBride

A. M. MacDonald, B. A. J. B. McBride
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers.

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Dr. R. Roberts

F. R. C. V. S., Lond., Eng.
Alberta St., Opp. Methodist Church</

Carrying Out the Suggestion of Editor Windle

Gigantic Plot to Destroy England's Supply of Munitions Unearthed.

Washington, July 6.—German agents in the United States have perfected a gigantic plot to blow up ammunition factories and trains and ships carrying war materials, according to Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador. The ambassador suspects that Frank Holt, who attempted to kill J. P. Morgan and caused the explosion in the United States capitol last Friday, was incited to his acts by directors of this plot.

It became known today that Sir Cecil, who was breakfasting with Mr. Morgan when Holt arrived there, communicated to Commissioner Wood, of the New York police, and Major Pulman, superintendent of the Washington police. The character of the information caused the police officials to redouble their efforts to discover whether Holt had accomplices.

Although Holt insists that he acted on his own initiative, the police are investigating certain information indicating that several persons were aware of his intentions.

British embassy officials say that they have been obtaining information concerning the alleged plot to terrorize American manufacturers of arms and ammunition. This information, it is said, is to be turned over to the United States government for further investigation. Officials of the German embassy brand the British charges as a pure fabrication and a part of a concerted effort by the English government.

According to the German officials, the British have employed a detective agency to "frame up"

scandals apparently involving officials of the Berlin government. British officials asserted that the German plot came to light as a result of the discovery of a bale of circulars shipped from Germany to a German newspaper in the United States. The circular offered a reward of from \$1,000 to \$10,000 for the destruction by dynamite or fire of American factories producing munitions of war and railroad trains and ships transporting such supplies.

The British became so alarmed by the reports by the corps of investigators employed that the information was given to all munition contractors for the allies, and an army of private detectives was employed to guard the factories and trains carrying arms and ammunition to Canada and the Atlantic seaboard, and to watch the loading of ships with contraband.

It is alleged that several attempts to dynamite factories, trains and ships were defeated by the watchfulness of these forces of guards.

A bomb with a time fuse attached was found in a cargo of ammunition carried by the British steamer Bankdale, from New York to Havre. Two similar infernal machines were found in boxes of ammunition placed aboard the British steamer Lord Erne, sailing from New York to Havre.

German embassy officials challenge the British to report the details of their charges to the American government in order that there may be an impartial investigation of the accusations.

Disciple of Windle Commits Suicide

Glencove, N. Y., July 6.—Frank Holt, the Cornell professor of German, who shot J. P. Morgan in his home here last Saturday, committed suicide here tonight, by jumping from a jail window to the concrete floor of the court yard about fifty feet below.

Holt was under the guard of Jeremiah Ryan, a jail attendant. The prisoner was sleeping heavily and Ryan, hearing a noise on the other side of the cell, left his place in front of Holt's open door and started to investigate. Ryan heard a noise which he said resembled an explosion, and hastily returned to Holt's cell, only to find it empty. Holt had slipped through the open cell door and climbed to the top of the cell tiers to an open window, through which he plunged to the narrow court yard below. He was instantly killed.

Holt confessed when arrested that he shot Morgan with the intention of intimidating munition manufacturers from sending their goods to Britain, and Herr Windle says that is right. A nice advocate for the booze interests to import to talk to British subjects.

BASEBALL. Lacombe defeated Red Deer last night in a very ragged game by a score of 10-9. This puts Lacombe on top of the heap, and it is almost a cinch they will win the pennant. They play in Red Deer on Friday night.

From the amount of nicks and dimes laboriously thrown in the hat at last night's game, there must be a lot of 5-cent ante poker games going on in town. Out of a \$60 crowd at a quarter apiece, the large sum of \$17 was collected. Loosen up at the next home game and help the boys break even.

HORSE THIEVES ARE BUSY AT WETASKIWIN.

Wetaskiwin, July 6.—Thieves made a clean get away last night with two horses taken from the stables of Thomas Ward and Elton Merner. One was a chestnut mare six years old, and the other was a bay mare aged three years. Both weighed about 900 pounds, and two stock saddles have also disappeared. An unsuccessful effort was made to take two other horses. The police have the matter in hand, but there is little to work on.

Don't forget the dance in the Opera House on July 12th.

Rimby News

The following is a list of promotions in the Rimby school:

Grade IV.—Marjory Wata, Laura Byres, Muriel Brooks, Laurie Richards.

Grade V.—Bernice Iddings, Drummond Brooks, Alice Rimby, Lillie Adams, Earl Rimby, Rose Allison, Lydia Allison.

Grade VI.—Ada Reed, George Byers, Ruell Picketts, Elbert T. Jefferson, Nancy Rimby, Ruth Watts, John Reed.

Grade VIII.—Eric Brooks, Edith Byers.

Mrs. Frail and daughter-in-law arrived Sunday from Nova Scotia. Mrs. Frail is a sister of Mr. Pineo.

Mrs. Jackson and daughter, of Calgary, are paying a visit to her sons, our genial merchants.

Miss Pearl and Olive Peabody are attending the fair at Calgary this week.

Mr. Duncan, of Lacombe, spent the week-end with Mr. Roberts, the butcher.

Harry Jackson is attending the fair at Calgary.

Things are brightening up at Rimby considerably lately. "Dad" has pointed his residence and post office, the new hall is being painted, and the confectionery and ice cream parlor have recently been painted.

Mr. and Mrs. Adamson and children expect to leave this week for Des Moines, Iowa. They will be gone a year, and before returning will visit the Exposition at San Francisco.

A 12-pound baby girl arrived at the Windsor Hotel last Friday and will remain there under the guardianship of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Williams.

Miss Watson has gone to Edmonton to spend a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. Laton, of Gilby, and Mrs. Richardson, of Lockhart, were doing trading in our village Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chambers and children are down from Edmonton to spend the summer holidays with Mrs. Chambers' family, the Langmuirs.

The Rev. Dougan arrived on Saturday last and conducted services at the Blindman school house and Rimby. We heartily welcome him in our midst and wish him every success in his work.

Arrangements have been made to hold a children's and young people's day on Friday, July 16, when a program consisting of competitions, races and games will be given. An invitation is given to all children, young people and friends near and far to be present. The program will commence at one o'clock prompt. Bring lunch baskets with you. An ice cream and general refreshment stand will be on the ground.

On the evening of the same day, under the auspices of the Girls' Mutual Improvement Club, a dramatic performance will be given in the Town Hall, entitled, "Diamond in the Rough." The artists are being trained by Mr. H. Arthur Barton, and it is expected that the presentation of this laughable comedy will excel everything that has hitherto been attempted in Rimby.

Brann's Iconoclast, a paper edited by C. A. Windle, the foremost speaker on behalf of continuing the liquor traffic in Alberta, accuses Britain and its allies of a "plan to starve millions of people." The charge is unfounded. The millions need not starve unless their government forces them to. Peace can be made at any time Berlin says the word. If any of Germany's people starve their own government is to blame, and we Canadians do not need any instructions from Herr Windle.

British Government Takes Control of Sales of Liquor Despite Herr C. A. Windle

London, July 6.—Under the powers conferred by the Defence of the Realm Act, the British government today, by an order-in-council, decided to take over the control of the sale and supply of intoxicating liquors in many districts where war materials are being made and loaded, unloaded or otherwise dealt with.

The districts affected include the city of Bristol and surrounding towns, Southampton, Newport,

Cardiff, Barry, Bournemouth-Furness, Liverpool and adjoining towns, and most of the munition and shipbuilding centres in Yorkshire.

Members of parliament of all parties have undertaken a campaign to thank the employers and workmen in munition contracts for the work they already have done, and to urge upon them the vital importance of turning out as great a quantity of munitions as the country is capable of producing.

Arbordale News

There will be a meeting at Mr. Geo. Brown's on Thursday, 8th inst, at 8 o'clock, to arrange for the annual Sunday school picnic at Henry's Lake.

Will the gentleman who took the sleigh bells kindly return same and receive his reward.

We are all wondering where Walter and Slim Whitecotton are now. We hear they are running yet.

The Arbordale U.F.A. meeting held at Mr. Fawcett's was well attended. The baseball team can now get their money.

Gull Lake News

Miss Mary Young, of Rimby, is visiting her cousins, Mrs. Roe and Mrs. Whitesell.

Mr. and Mrs. Poling visited their son Roy Wright on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Moore stopped at R. E. Moore's on their way to and from Calgary Exhibition.

The Whitsett brothers are doing some breaking for Geo. Court.

Mrs. Davis and Miss Lucy Daniels, of Sioux City, Iowa, visited Mrs. Welsh last Friday.

Miss Francis Court has been quite sick for the last week, but is improving slowly.

Rev. Miller preached here Sunday afternoon, and he will be with us again next Sunday. Everyone make an extra effort to be present, as they will discuss having church service every Sunday instead of every two weeks, as before.

The Gull Lake scholars finished this term with a picnic on the lake, but the weather was wet and they did not have as good a time as they expected.

Miss Bell Hunt, from near Lacombe, was visiting Edna Hutchinson over the first and took in the celebrations at Bentley.

A few of the girls had a fishing party on the lake. They didn't take any fishing tackle, so the only bites they got were mosquitoes.

E. Hollowell, while driving his

car from Bentley on the first of July, ran into Frank Hutchinson's team. The car hit the whiffletree and turned the horses into the deep ditch on the meridian road, upsetting the buggy and frightening the horses. Hutchinson had turned off and given Hollowell the road, but something went wrong with the steering gear, which sent the car the wrong way. Hutchinson escaped with a broken tug and Hollowell with a bent fender.

The boys from here did well at the Bentley celebration on the first. The school ball team defeated both Bentley and Rainy Creek schools. Bentley score was 6-2, and Rainy Creek 21-0.

Elton Poling got the prize for having the largest number of gopher tails there.

Lee Silar won first in the 80 yard dash, and Jim Cox won first in the mile race.

Ross King got the cheque from the first balloon, and Keith Silar from the second one.

Lockhart News

Rev. J. G. Hathaway will hold service in the school house on Sunday next, July 11th, and every alternate Sunday following, at 3.30 p.m.

And yet, no one has essayed to inform the public what competence of good redeems the known evils of the liquor traffic, and makes it to the public interest to continue it.

"A white flag inscribed with the imperishable word 'Liberty' floating over a place where slaves of indulgence squander the money that belongs to their wives and families would certainly be something to gaze at."

Herr Windle is consistent, and in espousing the booze cause is following the dictates of his conscience. The German enemy and King Booze are strong allies and their methods of fighting are the same. Both hit hardest at the women and babies.

How About Cream

Ship your cream to us and we will pay you 25c. for butter fat until further notice. We pay all express charges and make payments on the first and fifteenth of each month.

Correct Tests Full Weights

GIVE US A TRIAL

The Golden Rod Creamery Co. CLIVE - ALBERTA

T. A. BRERETON, Sec. Treas. J. HERBERT THOMPSON, Manager.



Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of Ford spare parts have been reduced an average of ten per cent. A Ford touring car may now be bought, part by part, for but \$38.87 more than the price of the car ready to run. Another big slice off the "after cost" of motoring.

Runabout \$540; Town Car price on application. All Ford cars are fully equipped, including electric headlights. No cars sold un-equipped. Buyers of Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.



Morrison & Johnston

Lacombe - Alberta

ALBERTA IN SIGHT OF HEAVY-EST HARVEST EVER KNOWN

"Prospects are bright for the heaviest crop we have ever had in Alberta," declared H. A. Craig, deputy minister of agriculture for the province, after having just completed an inspection tour of the crops in the three prairie provinces.

"Alberta has certainly had the best of conditions so far," said Mr. Craig. "Its moisture came earlier, and it has not had the frosts in such great measure as its sister provinces."

"The crops in the province never looked better. Today was an ideal growing day, and if this only keeps up Alberta will harvest the heaviest crop ever."

Spring wheat is beginning to shoot up, while all other grain is rank. Every single bit of the province has had enough moisture to ripen the crop. Plenty of heat is needed now to urge it along to harvest.

Dr. Mecklenburg, optician, will be at the Adelphi Hotel on Friday, July 30th, for consultation of sufferers from eye troubles. (J7-3c)

Through an error in the prize list of the Cadet sports, D. Cameron is credited with a donation of one dollar, instead of two dollars, which is the amount contributed.

WAUGH—At Lacombe, on July 7, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Waugh, a son.

SICK NURSING. engagements. Phone 42, or Box 164, Lacombe. (J7-4c) Miss E. McQueen is open for

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In the estate of Mrs. Sarah Ellen Ackerson,

late of near Nugent, in the Province of Alberta, deceased. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late Sarah Ellen Ackerson, who died on the first day of May, 1915, are required to send the Administratrix of the said estate, Mrs. Pearl Bell Griffin, by post prepaid at the Post Office, Lacombe, Alberta, or to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Administratrix, on or before the 27th day of August, 1915, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them duly verified, and that after that date the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with her or her Solicitors.

Dated at Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, this 5th day of July, 1915.

MACDONALD & MCBRIDE, Solicitors for the said Administratrix, Lacombe, Alberta. Approved—J.W.A.D.L. (J7-3c)

Lacombe Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

A local enterprise that should have the support of all the Farmers.

Office Over Union Bank

O. B. MOORE Real Estate, Loans, Insurance Listings Wanted Horses For Sale Dealer in Live Stock of all kinds RIMBEY, ALBERTA.

FOR SALE AT LACOMBE PLANNING MILL.

1 Kitchen Cabinet, 1 Davenport Settee, 1 Davenport Rocking Chair, 1 Chiffonier, White Enamel, 1 Wash Stand, White Enamel, 1 Oak Dresser, round plate glass, 1 Oak Wash Stand, 2 Tables 30x40, 2 Folding Camp Stools, 1 Jardiniere Stand, 1 Hall Coat Stand, 1 Parlor Writing Stand, 1 Sewing Stand, 1 Adjustable Easy Chair, upholstered, 2 Arm Chairs, 1 Iron Bed, White Enamel, with wire springs, 1 Crescent Saw.

This furniture is all new, made here in the factory, and can be seen during the day. (J9-tf)

SNAPS AT THE NEW AND SECOND HAND STORE.

1 Light Wagon, \$20.00. 1 Heavy Iron Truck, \$30.00. 2 Folding Beds, \$20. to \$35. 2 Organs, \$20 and \$75. 1 Brunswick Pool Table, cost \$250.00, now \$100.00. 2 \$45 Overland Bicycles, \$35 each.

Bicycle and Automobile Tires for sale. Several Tents; one is 20x20, 6 foot wall. Sewing Machines from \$8.00 and up. A stock of Trunks and Suit Cases to be sold cheap. Several Violins, Banjos and Guitars. A stock of Cigars, Pipes and Tobaccos to be sold below Wholesale cost.

1 Gasoline 4-Cylinder Hackney Tractor Auto Plow, 40 horse, complete with plows, also Good on Belt; in good shape; cost new \$2,940; will sell for \$1,000 cash. This is what some of you Bentley or Rimby farmers want to do your breaking this summer and your plowing and threshing in the fall.

Mecklenburg The reliable, experienced and qualified Sight Specialist

will again visit Lacombe, at the Adelphi Hotel, on

Friday, July 30th

If your eyes or glasses trouble you see him at once.

FOR SALE

COWS—Two first-class fresh Milch Cows, also three that will be fresh soon.—Apply Jas. Chiswell, 1 mile north of Central school house, S.E. 1/4 40-26. (J9-4p)

BULL—Red Polled Bull, 5 years old, purebred and registered, sure and in good condition; will sell right.—Apply F. B. Stewart, phone R704, Lacombe. (J10-4c)

EWES AND PLOW—I have for sale ten Shropshire Ewes; also one John Deere Jumbo Brush Breaker (only plowed 14 acres). Apply at the Western Globe Office. (J10-4c)

OATS, Barley and Timothy Hay for sale.—H. A. Kennedy, 1 mile north, 1 mile east of Lacombe; telephone R502. (J10-4c)

FARM—200 acres adjoining Black fields townsite, for sale, or will trade for a quarter section as part payment. Farm has good house, 10 rooms; barn, 26x30; good water; 110 acres broken.—Apply to Imperial Livestock Stable, Blackfields, for particulars. (J17-4p)

BARLEY—A quantity of first-class Barley for sale.—Apply Ray Slier, Bentley. (J7-1c)

ORCHARD—Splendid bearing orchard, best commercial varieties, at sacrifice price—\$5,000; half cash. For full particulars write E. R. Simpson, West Summerland, P. C. (J7-1p)

COWS—Three first-class milch cows, one fresh, two in calf; also a Red Polled Bull, four years old, a sure stock getter; this is a good animal.—Apply to J. C. Sorensen, Morningside P. O.; farm 12 miles north of Lacombe. (J30-2p)

WANTED

PASTURE—I have splendid pasture for cattle or horses; lots of feed and good water; all fenced. Apply to H. C. Jones, two miles east and two miles south of Lacombe (Peat farm). Phone 1709. (J2-4c)

CATTLE AND HORSES to pasture; place well fenced and plenty of good grass and water.—Apply A. A. Taylor, Chigwell. (M26-tt-c)

TO EXCHANGE—Heavy horses, 1,500 lbs., for team about 1,100 or 1,200 lbs.; also a good residence in Victoria, B.C., for sale or will exchange for horses and cattle.—Apply A. A. Taylor, Chigwell. (M26-tt-c)

HAY to put up on shares, within five miles of Morningside P.O. Box 18, Morningside. (J7-1p)

COWS—A few milch cows, also several calving heifers (Short-horns). I have also for sale or trade Roan Shorthorn Bull, rising 2 years.—Apply J. Fretwell, Scarcliffe Ranch, Chive. (M26-tt-c)

THE LADIES' OUTFITTERS

Extend to you a cordial invitation to visit and inspect their stock of Ready-to-wear Merchandise. In order to have you acquainted with this newly opened Specialty Store we give you a list of a few of the Specials that are real Money Savers.

Stylish Suits Pretty Shades Very Special \$13.75	Kimonas New Shades \$1.00	1 Lot Waists All Assorted Regular to \$1.25 All One Price 35c
Voile Dresses Strictly New \$6.75	Strong Cotton Hose All sizes 15c	Knitted Combinations Special 25c
Pretty Waists One lot specially priced \$1.00	Cotton Vests Special 10c	Summer Vests Short or No Sleeves Special 20c

THE LADIES' OUTFITTERS
Thos. Thorp's Old Stand, - Barnett Ave., Lacombe

Are You Going to Build?

If you are thinking of building, call and get an estimate from us. We have a new, clean stock of the very best in

Lumber

and

Building Material

OF ALL KINDS

You will find our prices as low as any.

Trimble-Garland Lumber Co.
Allen St. Lacombe

Brooksley News

The people of Brooksley and neighborhood, recognizing the dire need of the Canadian Red Cross for funds, have had a special collection during the month of June. The subscriptions have reached a total of \$66.95, of which \$50 was sent direct to Calgary to help a cot in the Canadian hospital at Chiveden, England, \$9.45 paid to A. M. Campbell for Red Cross materials, and the balance, \$7.50, handed to Mrs. C. P. Brock to buy more goods to be made into hospital supplies. Any further subscriptions will be welcomed by Mrs. Brock. It is understood some of the ladies are sending in the \$2 fee to Mrs. Day, Lacombe, in order to become members of the Red Cross Society, as it was thought there were not a sufficient number to form a branch here.

One dozen wash cloths, made by Bertha Jacobsen, and 1 dozen surgical shirts were sent to Calgary last week, and several ladies are busy knitting socks.

LIST OF CONTRIBUTIONS.

Collected by Miss K. Bailey—Mrs. H. J. Bailey, \$2; Miss K. Bailey, 50c; Eric Harrison, \$1.00; R. Jansen, 50c; R. Bailey, 50c; Claude Morden, 50c; Mrs. H. B. Miller, 50c; Mrs. C. N. Cox, 25c; Mr. W. G. Johnson, 50c; Miss Agnes Robertson, \$1.00. Total, \$7.25.

Collected by Miss Frieda Jacobsen—Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Jacobsen, \$1.50; Miss F. M. Jacobsen, 50c; Mr. Henry Jacobsen, 50c; Ruby Jacobsen, 10c; Myrtle Jacobsen, 10c; Mr. W. J. Oudk, 25c; Mr. Harry Jacobsen, 50c. Total, \$3.45.

Collected by Miss Winnie Matheson—Mr. and Mrs. Ray Bagley, \$2.00; Nina Bagley, 10c; Earle Bagley, 10c; Jim Bagley, 10c; Mr. C. W. Johnson, 50c; Mr. Jean Sawyer, \$1.00; Mr. Ken Matheson, 50c. Total, \$4.30.

Collected by Mrs. Ritson—Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Ritson, \$2.00; Millie Ritson, 50c; A. H. Moore, \$1.00; Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Phelps, \$2.00; Mr. R. S. Rogers, \$1.00; Mr. Geo. Boomer, \$1.00; Mr. J. M. McCutcheon, 50c; Mr. C. Cohen, 50c; Mr. D. Ramsay, 50c; Mr. F. Farquharson, 50c; per Mr. I. Low, \$10.80; dance, Messrs. V. Boomer and Ryan, \$6.70; Mr. McElhenery, \$1.00; Mr. C. W. Miller, \$1.00; Mr. Travis, \$1.00; Mr. S. W. Paisley, \$1.00; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stewart, \$1.00; Mr. H. C. Barnhill, 25c; Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Ditzler, \$1.00; two friends, C. and G., 25c; Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Denne, \$4.00; Teddy Denne, \$1.00; Mr. and Mrs. D. Pyper, \$1.50; Mr. Steve Codd, 90c. Total, \$40.50.

Collected by Mrs. R. S. Rogers—Mr. J. Scott, \$2.00; Mr. Stewart, 45c; a friend, 50c; a lady, 25c; Mr. Sutherland, \$1.00; Mr. E. W. Graft, \$1.00; Mr. A. M. Campbell, \$2.00; Mr. Frank Bawner, 50c; Mr. Harold Slater, \$1.00; Mr. Mincan, \$1.00; Mr. R. Grant, 50c; Mrs. C. B. Miller, 85c. Total, \$11.05.

Making a grand total of \$66.95.

THE COUNCILLOR EXPLAINS

To The Editor:

Dear Sir,—I notice in your issue of 23rd inst., some criticism of Councillor of Div. 6, L.I.D. 399, in the matter of prosecution for theft of timber off public highway, and while I do not wish to enter into any controversy in this matter, nevertheless I am glad of the opportunity to reply to the above critic because it will enable me to lay the facts before the ratepayers of this division. As a matter of fact the action was not taken because of the value of the amount of timber involved (which our critic tries to minimize), but because there has been a considerable amount of valuable timber taken off the road allowance from time to time which we as councillors are instructed to look after in the interest of the district for culverts, etc. It is of considerable importance to this division,

at least, where so many culverts are needed, that the timber be conserved, because when we have to order through the lumber yards it sometimes costs the taxpayers as high as \$20 per thousand.

Referring to critic's advice that our councillor might be better employed in making arrangements for the road work being done than wasting his time in petty lawsuits, is proof in itself that he knows nothing of what he is talking about. As soon as weather conditions will permit I will attend to the road work in my own usual style, notwithstanding our friend's gratuitous advice, and if not satisfactory to the ratepayers they have the remedy in their own hands. And right here I might suggest for the benefit of our critic and the looks of our district, that if he will take a survey of his surroundings from his own doorstep he will find sufficient to take up his time and attention without sticking his nose into other people's business. COUNCILLOR DIV. 6, L.I.D. 399.

YOUNG MAN—HERE'S WHERE YOU WIN.

Young man—how are you going to vote on the Prohibition Act? You only take a drink occasionally—or perhaps not at all, you say—and you have not made up your mind.

Then let's help you to make up that mind. We do not say that it's a sin or a crime to take a drink, nor that every young fellow who takes a drink becomes a drunkard. But we do say that the present bar is a crime against humanity; that the manner in which its whiskey has been dispensed is a sin, and also that the young fellow who never takes a drink of whiskey is not likely to become a common, down-end-out drunkard.

Not being narrow, we do not believe that the "id" should be closed tight on everything just because the people decide to wipe out the bar and its whiskey. On the other hand, we would "loosen up" considerably—throw the gates of the country open to harmless sports and recreation—make these things, if possible, take the place of the bar and its whiskey. Occupy the mind of the boy and the young man—and even the old man, too—with harmless amusements, and he will not go far astray. He might even have one drink a day and there might be no injurious effects—provided it ended there. But it is difficult for it to end there with the present bar and its whiskey—the bar doesn't permit it to end there, indeed.

From the standpoint of your financial, mental and physical welfare, however—even if you took only one drink a day—let us show you how you will win if this one drink is eliminated.

One drink a day—at 15c.—for 310 week days amounts in expenditure to \$46.50 in a year.

Here's what you can buy with that \$46.50 in the course of a year—present a pretty good appearance and have a fairly good time into the bargain:

One suit of clothes.....	\$15.00
Two shirts.....	2.00
One pair shoes.....	4.50
One hat.....	2.50
One suit of underwear.....	2.00
One necktie.....	.50
One pair suspenders.....	.75
One pair socks.....	.75
One box cigars.....	1.50
Three boxes chocolates.....	1.50
Ten theatre tickets.....	2.50
Ten moving picture tickets.....	1.50
Ten ball games.....	2.50
Ten games of pool.....	1.00
Ten restaurant meals.....	4.00
Western Globe (24 years).....	2.50
Four magazines.....	.40
Total.....	\$46.50

Do you need any better argument why you should vote for the Prohibition Act—if it will wipe out the bar? You will notice, too, that instead of spending all this \$46.50 in one place—at the bar—you'll be giving almost

every business in town a piece of it—thereby helping to create positions for those people who fear that the abolition of the bar and its whiskey is going to throw a lot of people out of work without doing anything to provide other work.

GREECE TAKES A HAND IN GAME; NOW IN ALBANIA.

Rome, July 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Antivari, Montenegro, says two large Greek bands are advancing toward Berat, Albania, after occupying the villages along the way. There have been no previous reports of the intention on the part of the Greek government to lay claim to a section of Albania. This principle, which was established after the Balkan wars, borders on the southeast of that part of Greece which was awarded her after the defeat of Turkey. Albania, already has been invaded by Servian and Montenegrin troops, while Italian forces have been stationed there for some time.

STOPPING AN APPALLING WASTE.

M. Kharitonoff, Comptroller of the Russian Treasury, speaking before the Duma Budget Committee, January 25, said that owing to the great increase in the national savings due to prohibition, the extraordinary outlay caused by the war, as yet, had occasioned no great suffering in Russia.

Taxpayers, listen to that, and consider what a lesson it should be to Canada. In 1914 Canada spent over \$100,000,000 in drink and certainly not less than another hundred million of loss was caused by the use of intoxicants. That two hundred million would have gone a long way to finance our share of the war. It would have paid the revenue received from the liquor traffic for the past 20 years. These figures are so enormous that many cannot believe that they are correct, but anyone who will take the trouble to look into the subject will find that they are quite within the mark.

When will the taxpayers learn what an awful burden of taxes is caused by this business. Some even think that if it was stopped the taxes would be increased. It has got had that effect in any place where all the bars have been closed. If it had done so we would have heard about it. If closing the bars would cause an increase in taxes or have any other injurious effect, why are the people in local option districts so well pleased with its action that they refuse to repeal it?

Kansas City saved \$300,000 a year by closing the bars and were able to do with one-half the number of policemen. That taxes could be lessened by making men drink so as to lessen their earning power and, in many cases, stop their saving is too absurd for consideration. From all sides comes the same story that drink men earn less and save little, if anything. Sober men earn more and save more and so are able to pay their share of the taxes.

SITUATION IS ONE OF GRAVE ANXIETY

London, July 2.—Introducing the munitions bill in the House of Lords today, Lord Curzon, lord privy seal, announced that the first result of the campaign made to speed up the manufacture of arms and ammunition was the enrollment of 46,000 volunteer munition workers. He was confident. Lord Curzon added that before the end of the year the advantages in both men and material would be decidedly on the side of Great Britain and her allies.

Lord Curzon said the present situation was one of grave anxiety. It was not too much to say that the country was in great peril; events and recent statements had removed the scales from everyone's eyes. This was not a time, he said, for a critical or censorious attitude, but the time to pass the bill, which would enable the organization of a rapid supply of munitions and to go ahead and make up the leeway and put matters straight.

After a few remarks had been made by Baron Weardale, who considered the promises of the late government and placed the responsibility for them upon Premier Asquith, the munitions bill was passed in all its stages.

DOUBLE CRIME IN HAMILTON

Hamilton, July 2.—Dr. Harty Williams was shot and instantly killed in his office this morning, and Hepworth Holmes, of Gravenhurst, was fatally wounded, dying tonight without regaining consciousness. The shooting occurred in Dr. Williams' office at about eleven o'clock this morning. Murder and suicide are apparent in the case, and it is believed Holmes shot the doctor and committed suicide when the latter refused to treat him for advanced tuberculosis. Dr. Williams had told Holmes' sister that treatment was useless.

RUSSIAN MILITARY EXPERTS BELIEVE THAT AUSTRO-GERMAN DRIVE HAS BEEN STOPPED

Petrograd, July 2.—In the opinion of Russian military experts the Austro-German drive in Galicia has been definitely checked. They now look for a great turning movement by the Russian troops that will force the abandonment of the German offensive between the Wiepra and Bug rivers in Russian Poland, where hard fighting is still in progress. In their withdrawal before the superior forces of the enemy, the Russians have shortened the distance over which it is necessary to transport reinforcements and ammunition. The Germans and Austrians have lengthened their lines of communication.

All reports from the front agree that there has been a noticeable slackening in the artillery fire of the Austro-German forces. This is due to the fact that in their advance eastward they have "run away" from their ammunition supply in the hope of piercing the Russian front, a plan that is declared by the Russian leaders to have completely failed.

GERMANS USE BLAZING LIQUID AGAINST THE FRENCH AT CALONNE.

Paris, June 27.—The following official statement was issued by the war office tonight:

"On the fronts to the north and center there has been no infantry action. A rather violent artillery engagement has occurred, particularly in Belgium and in the region north of Arras."

"In the Argonne there have been several engagements without modification, however, either on one side or the other."

"The fighting on June 26 and during the night of June 26-27, at the Calonne trench was very violent, developing in some cases into hand-to-hand encounters. The Germans made use of flaming liquid, and sheltered by clouds of fumes, reached their former first line. They were repulsed with heavy losses."

"We hold all the former first German line as well as those parts of the second line which we had previously conquered."

"To the east of the grand trench on the ridge south of the ravine of Sonvaud, the section of a trench on a front of about 120 metres occupied last evening by the enemy, was re-taken by us in the night, with the exception of about 30 metres."

"The artillery action continued all this morning in that region and was very spirited likewise to the north of Flisy and on our front of LaHaye."

"A German aeroplane dropped two bombs on St. Die. A woman was killed."

ROGERS DENIES HE IS TO BE SUCCEEDED BY R. B. BENNETT.

Winnipeg, June 27.—Hon. Robert Rogers arrived in Winnipeg tonight to take charge of the Conservative registration. He intends to remain here for a week. On being questioned as to the truth of a rumor in the west to the effect that he was resigning from the cabinet to be succeeded by R. B. Bennett, M.P. for Calgary, Mr. Rogers exclaimed: "What rot," adding that it was not worth contradicting.

Ottawa, June 26.—Sir Robert Borden is expected to leave for England at an early date, where he will confer with the British authorities on many matters of interest to the Dominion. It is understood that R. B. Bennett, of Calgary, will accompany him. Major-General Sam Hughes, who tonight is visiting at his home in Lindsay, is also expected to leave for Great Britain in the near future.

BIRTHRATE IN FRANCE DROPS TO A LOW POINT

Paris, July 2.—The decline in the birthrate of France has been particularly noticeable since the war began. The rate in 1914 averaged a thousand births daily, but at the beginning of 1915 the figures dropped to 850, and there has been a rapid decline since then. In the week of June 6 to 12, which was the last week recorded, there were only 356 births in the entire country.

A tax on bachelors and the prolonging of military service, while decreasing that of the fathers of families, and a diminution in the taxes on heads of families, are among the measures being urged to help solve the problem.

BRITISH PUBLIC NOW THINK WAR WILL NOT COME TO END SOON.

London, June 27.—The Russians are again retreating in Galicia, both to the north and south of Meberg, and in Poland the Germans have launched another attack against Warsaw in the form of a drive from the north through Przasnysz.

The new blow at the Polish capital has been preceded by a terrific artillery action. The fact is recorded by the Russians

themselves, but it is too early to say whether it means a serious offensive, the first clash having developed a bayonet encounter, the result of which neither side records.

Neither Berlin nor Vienna makes reference to the conflict in this region, confining their statements to the Galician situation, where victories are claimed in various sectors from the Bessarabian frontier to Rawa Ruska, north of Lemberg.

What is more important, the Germans claim that the Teutonic forces have crossed the Dniester northwest of Haliow, and have driven the Russians some miles into the hills.

Not since the war began has the English public been convinced that it will be a long one. Those who took this view months ago were called pessimistic, but now it is generally admitted that the Russian armies must fight for months to come, under tremendous disadvantages, and that in the meantime the much-heralded big general movement on the western front must be indefinitely postponed, while the enterprising powers thoroughly reorganize their methods.

While the campaign for ammunition in Great Britain is at its height, it must be assumed that Germany is straining every fibre to the same end and calling into play her inventive skill so as to increase the deadly mechanism of warfare, to offset the inevitable and terrible drain on her men.

The present consensus of opinion among military writers in London is that Germany intends further to push her eastern victories with another battering ram stroke toward Warsaw, and in an endeavor to seize that city and the whole line of the Vistula.

The line of offensive now directed from the Przasnysz region is along the valleys of the Omulew and Przwo, tributaries of the river Narew, which flows across North Poland and joins the bend of the Vistula above Warsaw.

In the west the minor movements to and fro were continued by a German advance of a few hundred yards to the north of Arras, gaining a foothold on the Creux d'Ablain road. The assault, as usual, was accomplished by a violent bombardment. The Germans announce that enemy artillery situated at the cathedral at Arras was bombarded, so it is quite likely damage was done the cathedral.

In other parts of the allies' front, bombardments and attacks have occurred on both sides, but no important movement is apparent.

Petrograd, June 26.—The following official statement was issued today at the headquarters of the Russian general staff:

"As the result of a strong German offensive in the direction of Przasnysz Friday, a desperate battle, which continues, began in that region."

"The enemy attacked Friday in the region of Rawaruska. The Russians took 2,000 prisoners during counter-attacks in the direction of Zolkiew and Lemberg Thursday, and 1,000 prisoners in repulsing the desperate attacks of great forces on the Dniester."

"There has been no essential change in the Shasli region."

"On the Narew front an attempted offensive by the enemy on the 24th in the Omulew front cost him severe losses. Rows of bodies were left in front of our trenches, and the number of prisoners was increased to 150."

"In the Orzwo Valley, on the night of the 24th and 25th, we repulsed a fresh offensive by great enemy forces. Then, delivering a counter-attack, we captured a work which we lost the day before and took five machine guns. Northwest of the town of Zawichost, an enemy battalion, which imprudently approached our entanglements, was annihilated by our cross fire."

"Calm prevails on the Tanew front."

"Near the town of Bobrk, on the 25th, there was a desperate battle."

"On the Dniester from Khodoroff to Haliow we continued to repulse desperate attacks by great Austro-German forces."

"On the front of the Dniester and the Pruth, on the 24th, we also made some progress."

DR. CLARK NOMINATED.

Red Deer, Alta., June 29.—Dr. Michael Clark was unanimously nominated as the Liberal candidate for the Red Deer riding in the Dominion House at a most enthusiastic convention held here today.

THE BAR HAS GOT TO GO.

Realizing that the whiskey-selling bar is doomed in Alberta, those people who have done their best to perpetuate that kind of a bar are now to the fore with an agitation to reduce the price of beer in the bar. In fact, a reduction has been made, and the poor man—whose ears have been tickled for years past with the statement that the bar is the poor man's club—is expected to fall for it. This poor man will hereafter be served with three beers

Wittenburg News

A very sad accident occurred in the Valley on Tuesday of last week when Mr. Bodycoat and his son Willie lost their lives. It appears that Willie went down into the well to get a bucket which had fallen in, and had only gone down a short ways when his little sister, who was standing near the top, heard him call for help and then heard him fall into the water below. She immediately called her father, who was milking the yard. The father left the milking and ran to the well and advised Mrs. Bodycoat to go for help. When help arrived it was only to find father and son dead. The well, which was about sixty feet deep, was filled with gas. Besides the wife and mother, a little girl is left to mourn their loss.

HOSPITAL DONATIONS.

Mrs. McWilliams, 50c.; Mrs. H. Slater, 50c.; Mrs. F. L. Smith, 50c.; Miss Inskip, 50c. The hospital is being painted outside just now, which it needs badly, so we thought of selling some of our pretty flowers which we have this year instead of tags on July 12th. If we don't succeed in getting rid of them all we will finish up fair time, which is really the time we always do business, but if this will save the borrowing of money for the painting, it will serve better. Everybody is going to be so busy with the dinners and so on it may be hard to get help, so anyone who can assist in selling some, we will be pleased to have them. Some of the married ladies have offered to try and help the girls. MRS. BURRIS.

Watt & Hay

And What They Say

Another Shipment of Clothing

Opened up. Every Suit is good value

Slicker Suits and Long Coats

Dressy Rain Coats in different materials all reasonably priced

We do not and cannot stock everything, but buy only the best values and guarantee within reason everything we sell.

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing well done.

Watt & Hay

McLear Block Lacombe

Lacombe Iron Works

General Blacksmith Work of all kinds. Horse-shoeing, Plow Work, Wood Work, Machine Work. Agents for the Stevens' Brush Cutter. Prices are Right and Satisfaction Guaranteed. — CASH PAID FOR OLD IRON —

A. D. Watson

Nanton Street Lacombe, Alta.

Massey-Harris Cream Separators

The Massey-Harris Cream Separator has become firmly established as a thoroughly reliable machine.

For close skimming and easy turning, it excels all others.

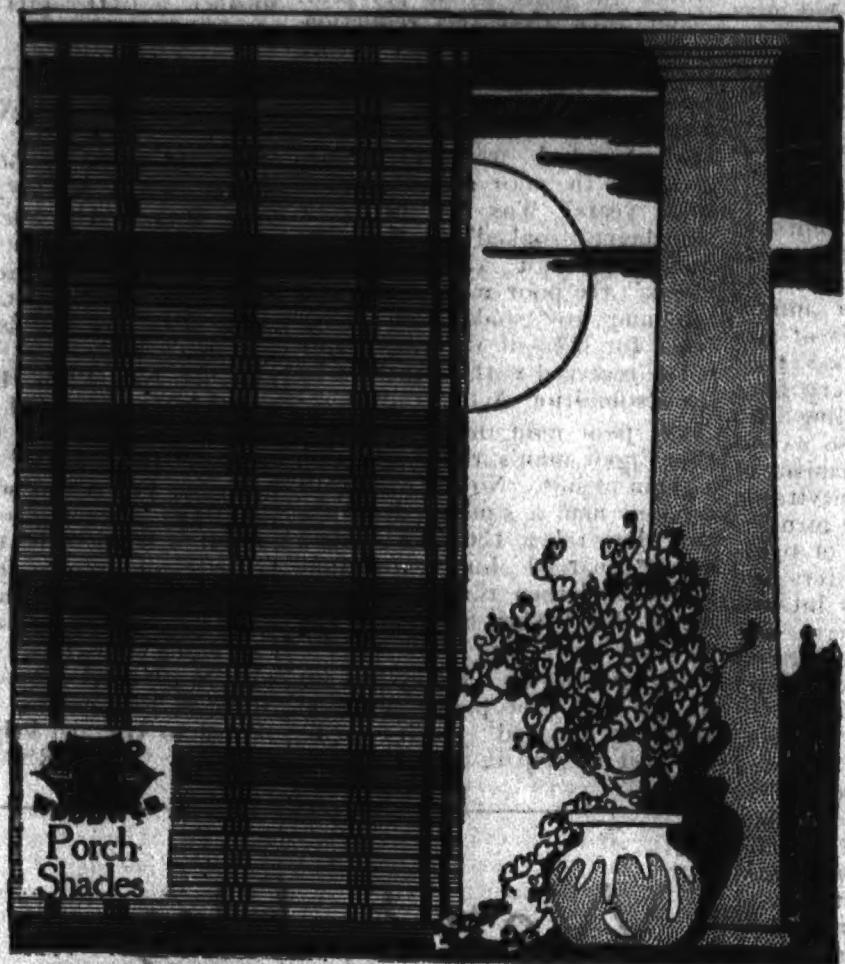
If you are in the market for an up-to-date Cream Separator, we are at your service.

H. L. BROWN

Agent for Massey-Harris Implements.

Your Economy List

Lemons, per dozen.....35c.	Domestic Hams, per lb.....22c.
Oranges, per dozen, 25c. & 35c.	Smoked Hams, per lb.....22c.
Bananas, per dozen.....40c.	Swift's Sausages, per lb.....15c.
Apples, 3 1/2 lbs. for.....25c.	Bologna Sausage, per lb.....15c.
Onions, 3 1/2 lbs. for.....25c.	Cooked Meat, per lb.....20c.
Tomatoes, hot house, per lb. 30c.	Cooked Ham, per lb.....35c.
Pine Apples, each.....25c.	Corn Beef, per lb.....30c.
Raspberries, per basket.....20c.	Kipper Herrings, per lb.....15c.
Cherries, per lb.....20c.	Creamery Butter, per lb.....30c.
Cabbage, new season, per lb. 06c.	Tomatoes, 2 cans.....25c.
New potatoes, per lb.....05c.	Coffee, extra quality, lb.....35c.
BLACK TEA, extra quality, per lb.....40c.	



VERANDAH SCREENS

Bamboo Verandah Screens, adjustable, handy and comfortable, in many sizes from 6 feet wide to 12 feet wide, painted blue and in natural color.

90c to \$2.25

Cool Summery
Waists
In Great VarietyWhite Pique Shirt Waist
\$1.25

These Waists are nicely made of heavy, soft quality spot Pique, with detachable collar and soft cuffs, and are extra value.

Shirt Waists
for 65c

A serviceable House Waist of fine and very pretty Black and White Check Cashmerette, smart effect and a big value.

New Lingerie Waists
\$1.50

New styles fresh from the designers' hands, in Muslins and Voiles. Ask to see them; they are exceptional value.

New Middy Waists
\$1.25 and \$1.50

These are extra nice values of White Repp, well tailored designs, soft, firm quality, all white, but smart and chic.

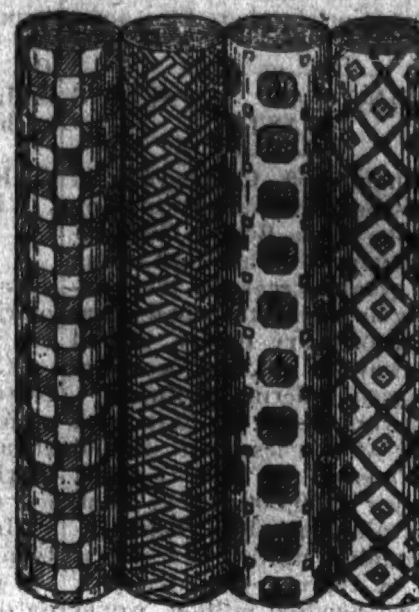
White wash Silk waists
\$2.25

A very dainty style with pearl button at throat, full length sleeves, soft cuffs, and will wash and wear well.

Waist Specials
70c

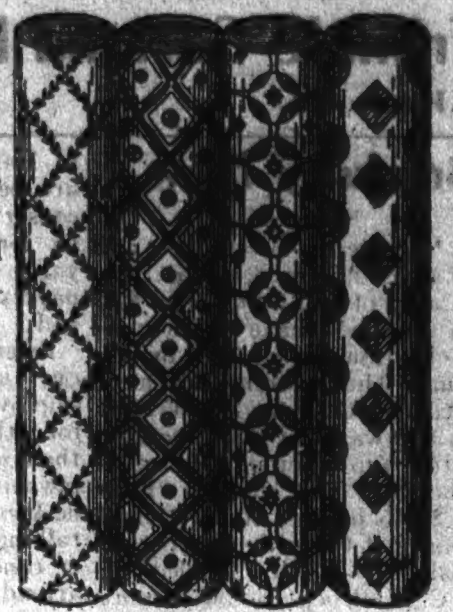
A nice assortment of White and Colored Waists in popular styles, values up to \$1.50 for 70c. Do not miss these, for they are very special bargains.

Nairn's Heavy Scotch Linoleums



By all odds the best Linoleum to wear, the best in colorings and patterns, and this is important when you are selecting your Linoleum. Get the best. It does not cost you any more; in 2, 3, and 4 yard widths, floral and block patterns and the best wearing ground colors.

Special
per yard
57 1-2c



Art Sateens and Cretonnes

We are showing a very attractive selection of pretty Sateens in light and dark colors, floral patterns, 30 inches wide, per yard.

15c, 17 1-2c, 20c, 25c

Cretonnes, double fold reversible patterns, in Brown and Dark Red ground colors; special price, per yard.

22 1-2c

Bentley for a Clean Alberta

We are glad to report that Bentley and the surrounding polls are coming out strong for prohibition, and if the weather is good on July 21st we believe that 70 to 80 per cent. of the votes cast will be in favor of the Liquor Act. Nearly all the cars in Bentley have been kindly promised in the interest of temperance, and will be busy bringing in voters from the outlying districts. The Bentley committee consists of Messrs. C. A. Putland, Percy Thorpe, J. H. Morrison, J. W. Grant, J. B. Taylor and H. Thorpe. Suggestions and help in

the interests of prohibition and the vote to be taken will be welcomed by any member of the committee.

The Methodist Sunday school held a temperance rally last Sunday in the afternoon. Quite a number of essays on the subject were handed in by the scholars, the prize being awarded to Campbell Millar.

Rev. Miller took the service Sunday evening, a good congregation being present. His subject was "The Bible," and his discourse was helpful as well as instructive.

Carstairs District Solid

The Western Globe met Mr. Hislop, one of Carstairs' leading merchants, on Monday last, and asking him what the prohibition campaign was doing in his district, he said that the Carstairs district would go at the very least 80 per cent. favorable to the Liquor Act. He said the business men and farmers of that

district had a very strong organization, and would roll up a big vote on the 21st. He said that around Carstairs the farmers had come to the conclusion that they were the "suckers" as far as the bar-room was concerned, and were going to see how many acres of land the money now blown in for booze would get in to crop.

Alix is Going Almost Solid

In conversation with Mr. MacDonald, of Alix, this week, that gentleman informed The Western Globe that with the exception of four or five Old Country votes, that district would go solid for prohibition. When we informed him that the Lacombe license

holders had just naturalized all the Heathen Chinese in town, he said that when he spread that good news through his district the Britishers who were favorable to the liquor interests would be highly elated and would doubtless take it as a personal insult and vote for the Liquor Act.

Orange Celebration

The local Orangemen have completed arrangements for the grand celebration to be held here on July 12. The citizens of Lacombe have donated liberally to their sports program fund, and this will be the biggest day of sport, with the largest crowd, ever seen in Lacombe. Special trains have been arranged from all points, and visitors will be able to get home early in the night. The local committee is sparing no expense to assure the success of the celebration. Several bands will be in attendance, and orators from all parts of Alberta will deliver short addresses during the afternoon. The celebration will be held on the Agricultural Grounds. Following is the program:

Arrival of trains from North, 10:30 a.m.; East, 10 a.m.; South, 10:50.

Parade will start on arrival of special train from South, led by the Ponoka Brass Band. Dinner will be served in the Methodist and Presbyterian Churches.

Parade for the Fair Grounds at 12:30.

Speeches by prominent men, 1 to 2:30 p.m., followed by sports consisting of baseball, football, and basketball matches, vaulting, fat men's races, flat races open for all boys and girls's races, tug of war, pillow fight, and other sports. Prizes will be given in all events.

The following is a list of the prizes in the different events:

Baseball—\$25 worth of goods.
Football—\$10 worth of goods.
Basketball—\$10 worth of goods.
Vaulting—\$3, \$2, \$1.
Fat man's race, 100 yards—\$3, \$2, \$1.
Open flat race, 440 yards—\$5, \$3, \$2.
Open flat race, 100 yards—\$3, \$2, \$1.
Boys' race under 14 years, 440 yards—\$3, \$2, \$1.
Boys' race under 10 years, 220 yards—\$2, \$1, 50c.
Girl's race under 16 years, 100 yards—\$2, \$1, 50c.
Girl's race under 10 years, 100 yards—\$2, \$1, 50c.
Men's pillow fight—\$5.00.
Tug of war (Orangemen)—\$10.
Tug of war, Lacombe against all comers—Winners to receive supper free.
Bicycle race, 2 miles—\$5, \$2, \$1.
Motor cycle race, 4 miles—\$5, \$2, \$1.
There must be four contestants for each event. Less than four the prizes will be reduced accordingly.

LIST OF ENUMERATORS.

The following is a list of the enumerators for the electoral division of Lacombe, giving name of place, enumerator, and address:

1. Saskatchewan River—Bert W. Allen, Rocky Mountain House.
2. Lobstick—J. W. Christian, Bingley.
3. Golden Valley—Wm. H. Reid, Leslieville.
4. Medicine River—Chas. J. Withers, Wittenburg.
5. Gilby—Daniel Clausen, Gilby.
6. Calkins—Carl L. Thomas, Lockhart.
7. Vigs—Hans Skjoldsterg, Bentley.
8. Bentley—James P. McPherson, Bentley.
9. Outlet—J. G. Evernden, Lacombe R.R. No. 1.
10. Aspelund—E. A. Wigmore, Blackfalds.
11. Lincoln—J. H. Rose, Lacombe.
12. Arbordale—E. H. Aldwinckle, Lacombe.
13. North Lacombe—Wm. G. Sage, Lacombe.
14. South Lacombe—R. M. Gibson, Lacombe.
15. Blackfalds—Joseph Capron, Blackfalds.
16. Canyon—Frank Jones, Lacombe.
17. East Lacombe—Samuel Henderson, Lacombe.
18. Morningside—John Blackstock, Morningside.
19. Chigwell—Carl Hauser, Chigwell.
20. Sharp's—C. Hastings, Lacombe.
21. Brookside—Albert Boyd, Brookside.
22. Ross Place—Thos. J. Ross, Clive.
23. North Star—F. J. Sissons, Clive.
24. Clive—Guy C. Wilson, Clive.
25. Nebraska—L. J. Harris, Tees.
26. Tees—C. D. McMillan, Tees.
27. Lignite—C. B. Howe, Alix.
28. Alix—S. Cruickshank, Alix.
29. Carroll—J. E. Merryfield, Alix.
30. Wells—Wm. G. Wells, Bashaw.
31. Mirror—H. G. Good, Mirror.

Blackfalds News

Principal J. H. Addinell, of the public school, left last week for his home in Calgary. After a brief visit he will go to the summer school at Edmonton to pursue his studies.

Sherman Capron is home for his holidays.

Rev. Mr. Scragg, of Lacombe, occupied the Methodist pulpit here on Sunday evening last.

F. S. Milliken will exchange work with Mr. W. Eakin on Sunday next, July 11th. Mr. Eakin comes to Blackfalds by special request to address the Orange Lodge, who will parade to the Presbyterian church in a body. Service at 8 p.m.

Miss Lily Howard took in the Calgary Fair last week.

Mrs. Johnson and Miss Johnson are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Colin Johnson.

Messrs. Pat Miller and George Wady took in the celebration at Red Deer on July 1st, and report a good time.

Miss Margaret Hill left on Monday last to take a course of study in the Edmonton summer school.

Blackfalds baseball team showed the crowds at Red Deer on July 1st that they were still very much alive by defeating the Lacombe team to the tune of 16-2. Colin Johnson pitched in fine style, and Alf Sorenson, who was badly injured in the previous game at Lacombe, surprised even Manager Trout by donning his uniform and catching in his usual classy fashion.

The liquor people are counting for their heavy vote in the country north of Edmonton, stating that they have the half-breed and Galician vote solid. Of course these illiterate votes count for as much as a white man's vote, but what do you think of a bunch that has to draw their support from these kinds of people?

Just About Herr Windle
Who Talks for Booze in Lacombe To-Night

It will be a wonder if Herr Windle gets out of Alberta without being interned.

Would it be possible to intern Herr Windle, the great advocate of the booze interests, who speaks here tonight?

Herr Windle refused to meet a prohibition speaker at Edmonton. He is following in the footsteps of the Admiral of the German navy, and keeping away from trouble.

"The prohibition sentiment is deeply ingrained in the Province of Alberta," and we must work like hell to get it out," remarked the pro-German editor of the Chicago Iconoclast, C. A. Windle, in Edmonton on Saturday. Mr. Windle is right—he knows—where to expect his help from.

Herr Windle, of Chicago, has suspended his efforts to help Germany beat the allies long enough to come to Alberta and try to beat prohibition. Military despotism and alcoholism being both predatory enemies of the people of Alberta, his course is thoroughly consistent. Windle will speak in Lacombe tonight.

The more of our resources in men and money we squander on booze the less we will have left with which to fight the enemy. The campaign to continue the waste of men and money is parallel to the campaign being waged across the line by Herr Windle to get the United States to stop supplying munitions to the allies. Both are in the interests of the enemy.

Herr Windle says on his posters that he challenges Bill Sunday to meet him on the platform and discuss the temperance question. Herr Windle knows that Bill Sunday is thousands of miles away and that it is impossible for him to meet him. Herr Windle is just like his friends in Germany—they would like awfully well to meet the British fleet, but take good care that their own fleet is bived in Kiel canal.

We as British subjects should not take instructions from Herr Windle, or any other German. Herr Windle is in his right class, however—as Lloyd George remarked that the greatest enemy of the British Empire was booze. Anything that will tend to destroy the British Empire will

have Herr Windle's support. J. P. Morgan was the victim of a pro-German assassin a few days ago, and the assassin gives the same reasons for his act as are outlined by Herr Windle in his newspaper, the Iconoclast.

The man who feels the pull of habit or of social custom to spend what he cannot afford to throw away in drink is the man above all others who has reason to want the boozorium put out of business. It gets him in the pocketbook.

Geo. Walker, the principal writer of the liquor advertisements and letters in the newspapers of Alberta, is a bar-tender in one of the hotels at High River, Alberta. Why should intelligent people pay any attention to his paid effusions. Consider the source.

The man who shot J. P. Morgan has confessed that he also placed the bomb in the White House. His object he frankly states to have been to intimidate Mr. Morgan into stopping the shipment of war supplies to Britain and its allies. Herr Windle, who speaks here tonight for the booze interests, advocates in his paper, the Iconoclast, the shutting off of England's supplies. Can Britishers take a dose like this without resentment?

Germany, according to the paper edited by Herr Windle, the foremost speaker on behalf of the liquor traffic, who speaks in Lacombe tonight, is entitled to go "any length to prevent annihilation." Presumably what is meant is the employment of poisoned gas in the field, the Zeppelin bombardment of defenceless cities and towns, the torpedoing of passenger liners, and any further means which may suggest themselves regardless of the canons of international law and the stipulations of the Hague conventions.

As Germany is in no danger of annihilation save in so far as these and similar acts have convinced the world that Germany's continued existence is a menace to its neighbors and to free civilization, the ardour of this enemy of "British despotism" in fomenting hatred of Britain and its cause in the republic is apparently quite as great as the ardour of its editor in seeking to perpetuate among the people of Alberta the evils of a traffic to which neither he nor anybody else has been able to attribute any compensating public good.

Well, the booze brigade has got right down to hard pan here. We have heard that these people were naturalizing all the alien Germans, Austrians, Galicians, etc., they could buy up, so that they could vote for the booze interests on the 21st, and while this was considered pretty poor business, it has been overlooked because these people were white men. But as a last resort the liquor people are digging up the Chinamen—the people that all political parties have striven to keep off the voting lists for years. On Saturday last in Lacombe the licensed victuallers rounded up every heathen they could get trace of and had him put on the naturalization list, in the hope that this illiterate vote would be favorable to their cause. They have realized that the illiterate white vote is against them, and are now making a desperate effort to make a showing at the polls by voting the illiterate heathen and alien enemy. The good old Canadian Britisher will be pleased to have his vote either killed or supplemented by the heathen Chinese—we do not think. One Chin who has been naturalized on Saturday has been in Lacombe thirteen years, and after he had taken the oath of allegiance and sworn that he would be a real British subject, he was asked by The Globe who was the present King of England. He said he did not know England had a King, but if one was in existence he must be some relation to Hop Chung. It is up to all white people to show their disapproval of the action of the liquor men in putting the Chinese on the list, and we think the action of those responsible will be strongly resented.

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